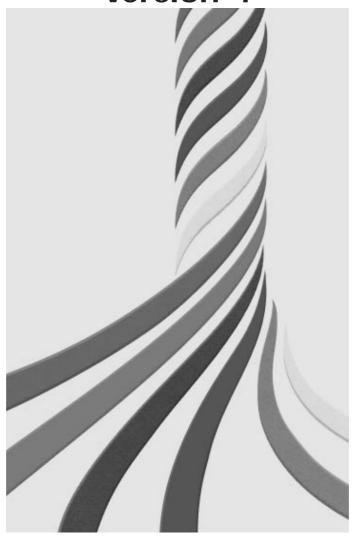
### **Servicing Instructions**

# CardioServ/F CardioServVF

Version 4





#### **Caution:**

During repairs/service interventions, observe the protective measures against damage due to ESD.

- \* Marquette Hellige GmbH considers itself responsible for the effects on safety, reliability, and performance of the equipment, only if:
  - assembly operations, extensions, readjustments, modifications, or repairs are carried out by Marquette Hellige GmbH or by persons authorized by Marquette Hellige GmbH,
  - the electrical installation of the relevant room complies with the applicable national and local requirements, and
  - the instrument is used in accordance with the instructions for use.
- \* This manual contains service information; operating instructions are provided in the operator's manual of the instrument.
- \* This manual is in conformity with the instrument at printing date.
- \* All rights are reserved for instruments, circuits, techniques, and names appearing in the manual.

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### Servicing Instructions

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### **Revision History**

December 1997

Initial Release SW Version 4

### 1. General Introduction

#### CardioServ Semi-Automatic and Manual

There are 2 CardioServ models: the semi-automatic and the manual defibrillator. Both models are available with a pacemaker and SpO2.

The manual CardioServ is a defibrillator designed to deliver synchronized and unsynchronized shocks. This requires the user to trigger capacitor charging and shock delivery manually.

The semi-automatic defibrillator is equipped with analysis software, which monitors the ECG for arrhythmias (fibrillation and ventricular tachycardia). When the analysis is started by pressing a key the ECG is analyzed. If the result of the analysis is positive, the capacitor is charged to the preselected energy level. The semi-automatic operating mode can be terminated by pressing a key or inserting the dongle.

### 2. General overview of CardioServ

# 2.1 Documentation and nomenclature of Marquette Hellige instrument part Nos

### 2.1.1 Configuration of instrument part No

The instrument part No comprises 8 digits, the first 6 digits determining the instrument type, the last 2 digits the instrument version. The language is determined by configuration, thus having no influence on the part No.

Instrument Type	Version
CardioServ	101 116
without pacemaker	101 116 03
with SPO <sub>2</sub>	101 116 04
with pacemaker and SPO <sub>2</sub>	101 116 05
	CardioServ without pacemaker with SPO <sub>2</sub>

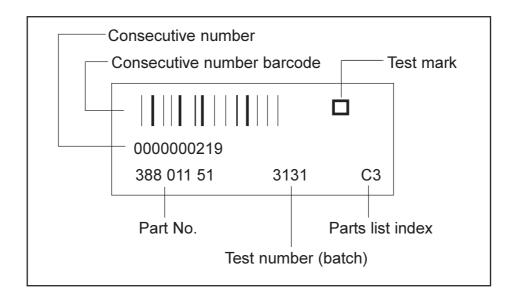
### 2.1.2 Configuration of the PCB part Nos

### 388 xxx yy Spare part numbers for the operative PCBs.

The instrument documentation, e.g., reference diagrams, circuit diagrams and parts lists are listed under this part No.

The 388 number is located on the barcode label.

Configuration of the barcode labels:



### 303 xxx yy Spare part numbers for PCBs tested especially thoroughly

303 numbers are only given to PCBs where the level of testing applied to 388 PCBs is inadequate for implementation when servicing in the field, or where only a complete set of PCBs can be replaced in the field.

In addition to a barcode label (388 number) 303 part Nos also have an additional label with a 303 number and are to be found in the spare parts list under this number.

### 389 xxx yy Replacement numbers for defective PCBs

Where servicing is required 389 PCBs are available for the replacement of some PCBs. When using a replacement PCB (389 part No) the defective PCB is to be returned to the Freiburg factory. Replacement PCB part Nos are included in the spare parts list. 389 PCBs have an additional adhesive label.

### 2.1.3 Instrument status documentation (nominal status)

Due to the hardware and software combination unambiguous documentation of the instrument assembly status is necessary, also in the event of repairs.

This documentation comprises the following documents and measures:

#### Master Record Index (MRI) (see Appendix)

This document is a component of this instrument documentation.

This document states the combination of permissible hardware and software for a particular instrument version. The permissible PCB Index is given in the "Index" column with each update delivered. Further permissible PCB Indexes are given in the "compatible" column. The PCB Index can be found in the PCB barcode label.

#### **Product Status Index**

This document is created during manufacture. The Product Status Index documents the hardware/software product status.

### **Instrument Versions**

These servicing instructions describe the manual CardioServ and the semiautomatic CardioServ VF

#### **Manual CardioServ**

101 117 01 CardioServ without pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 03 CardioServ with pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 04 CardioServ without pacemaker, with SPO2 101 117 05 CardioServ with pacemaker, with SPO2
101 117 02 CardioServ Esaote without pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 06 CardioServ Esaote with pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 07 CardioServ Esaote without pacemaker, with SPO2 101 117 08 CardioServ Esaote with pacemaker, with SPO2
101 117 09 CardioServ USA without pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 11 CardioServ USA with pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 12 CardioServ USA without pacemaker, with SPO2

101 117 13 CardioServ USA with pacemaker, with SPO2

#### CardioServ VF

101 117 21 CardioServ without pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 22 CardioServ with pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 23 CardioServ without pacemaker, with SPO2 101 117 24 CardioServ with pacemaker, with SPO2
101 117 29 CardioServ Esaote without pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 30 CardioServ Esaote with pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 31 CardioServ Esaote without pacemaker, with SPO2 101 117 32 CardioServ Esaote with pacemaker, with SPO2
101 117 25 CardioServ USA without pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 26 CardioServ USA with pacemaker, without SPO2 101 117 27 CardioServ USA without pacemaker, with SPO2 101 117 28 CardioServ USA with pacemaker, with SPO2

### 3. Functional Description

The Therapy System CardioServ comprises a defibrillator, a monitor (LC display 240 \* 320 pixels), a printer and a power supply unit. These components are arranged in a casing. It is a compact unit, which can also be implemented using a 230-V power supply system, even without a battery. The unit has a pulsed 140-mA standard charge for the battery. Additional versions available have an external pacemaker and an SpO2 module, separately or combined.

The Defi is switched on by turning the rotary switch to position ECG or energy levels automatic sequence 2 ... 360 J.

Following a self-test, which tests

- RAM data store
- ROM program memory
- Watchdog / Reset
- EEPROM permanent memory
- Display all Pixels on / off
- Time base of internal quartz crystal
- Energy charge from last shock
- Defective charge or Defib keys
- Position of energy selector switch
- Connected electrodes
- Pacemaker
- SpO2

the Defi is ready for operation. If an error arises, depending on the severity of the error, the Defi is either on standby or not. Serious errors are watchdog, ROM or RAM errors. In the case of minor errors, an error message appears, but the instrument can be rendered operative by pressing a key.

The Defi shock is delivered via exchangeable paddles. This permits the use of different electrodes, i.e., in addition to conventional electrodes, large-surface adhesive electrodes or internal electrodes, for example. Adhesive electrodes are used for the pacemaker. The CardioServ also has Start and Trigger buttons on the instrument.

The charge operation is actuated with the Charge key on the apex electrode (for internal and adhesive electrodes on the instrument). During the charge operation, the accumulation of energy is registered and when the selected energy level has been reached the energy to be released appears on the display. An acoustic and visual display on the monitor indicates the configured energy level has been reached. When the battery is fully charged or with line-power operation, charging at 360 J should take about 8 s.

### Servicing Instructions

The buttons on both electrodes are pressed to trigger the defibrillation pulse (safety two-hand operation). This means that the button on the apex electrode (or the corresponding one on the instrument) has two functions:

- start the charge operation
- trigger defibrillation (together with the Trigger button)

The type of electrodes connected are recognized and, in the case of internal electrodes, the energy is automatically limited to 50 joules.

Following defibrillation, the energy released is displayed on the screen for 6 seconds. Documentation output is by the printer.

The defibrillator has three operating modes:

- synchronized defibrillation (cardioversion)
- unsynchronized defibrillation (emergency therapy)
- semi-automatic (emergency service)

Cardioversion (operating mode Sync) can proceed either via the paddles or a patient cable. The operating mode Sync appears on the display and Sync marks are superimposed on the display. Following cardioversion, for safety reasons, the CardioServ switches automatically over to the unsynchronized operating mode, i.e., before each cardioversion the instrument must be switched over to Sync.

The Defi can be configured for semi-automatic operation in three ways:

- As a semi-automatic instrument only (defibrillation only possible via analysis)
- Semi-automatic instrument which can be toggled to manual mode by pressing a key
- Semi-automatic instrument which can be reset into manual mode using a dongle

ECG signal pick-up is possible via the paddles or ECG cable. ECG is output on the LCD display or by the built-in 50-mm printer.

A safety device ensures the discharge of the storage capacitor in the following situations:

- when defibrillation is not triggered 30 seconds after storage operation is complete,
- 0.2 seconds after triggering defibrillation,
- immediately after switching back the energy selector switch during or after storage,
- when the battery voltage drops below a certain level,
- when the selected energy level still has not been reached after 32 seconds.

When switching to a higher energy level, the energy deficit is supplied by recharging.

#### **Pacemaker**

The pacemaker is a transthoracic pacemaker operating in the Demand and Fix mode.

- Pulse width 40ms (20 ms)
- The frequency is between 0...180 P/min (> 150 P/min only 20ms pulse width)
- The current is between 0...200 mA
- Adjustment is in 5-unit intervals.

The pacemaker is operated using 6 keys on the control panel. One key switches the pacemaker on, one key changes the operating mode, the other keys are used to adjust the frequency and current. The defibrillator cannot be disabled as long as the pacemaker is switched on. The adhesive electrodes of the Defi are used to release a pulse. This ensures a rapid switch from defibrillator to pacemaker and back again.

### SpO,

SpO2 is based on one of the modules manufactured by Nellcor (MP204). This module is located on the PCB Analog and receives its power supply from the latter. Measurement of the oxygen saturation level and pulse frequency is made by this PCB.

Pulse frequency from 0...250 P/min

Saturation from 0...100%

We display the plethysmogram, saturation level and, when selected, the pulse frequency instead of the HR.

#### **Control options:**

A battery charge check is performed under load application. The message "charge battery" on the display means the battery needs recharging. At least five discharges at maximum energy are still possible. (Possibly even considerably more)

Performance check of defibrillation is performed by discharging into the integrated 50-ohm resistor.

Monitoring battery charge via the connector for power cord by the yellow LED. If the battery is fully charged after 16 h, trickle charging ensues, the yellow LED is permanently lit up.

The monitoring function of the CardioServ records and monitors the ECG and oxygen saturation level. The cardiac-action potentials are fed to the ECG preamplifier via a 5-wire patient cable. Selection can be made from 12 leads. The ECG curve is displayed on the LC screen with an illuminated background. The heart rate obtained from the ECG signal is continuously displayed on the screen.

Communication between the user and the instrument is via the keyboard and the LC screen. These also serve to configure the default settings and functions (see User's Manual for further details).

Servicing Instructions

The PCBs have the following functions:

#### **PCB Power Supply**

This PCB supplies the 16.5-V instrument power supply. 10 A can be supplied for short-term capacitor charging. It is a primary clock-rated wide-range power supply system. It operates from 85 .. 264 V, at 49 ... 65 Hz. It is protected by 2 fuses in the primary circuit. One on the PCB and one in the feed line.

#### **PCB** Analog

This PCB has several functional units.

The first unit accepts the ECG signals (patient input) received via the patient cable from the patient. In accordance with its task, it is connected to the patient by a cable. It is thus constructed as an application component isolated from other circuit components and the circuit reference (floating). The tasks of this circuit component are:

- amplification of ECG signals
- lead selection (lead selector)
- identification and reporting of electrode defects
- identification and reporting of patient lead connection
- digitization and serialization of ECG data
- potential separation of the application component from the remaining circuit components (floating)
- floating component power supply
- ECG trigger
- pacing-pulse detection

There are two of these circuit components on this PCB. Once for the ECG via paddles, once for the ECG via patient cable.

A second unit provides floating separation and the power supply for SPO<sub>2</sub>.

A further circuit component controls high-voltage generation for the Defi shock. There is a high-voltage capacitor on this PCB. The functions are as follows:

- safety control during charging and shock release (1st path : hardware)
- controlling storage operation and energy release, independent of the CPU
- controlling the high-voltage generator
- elimination of interference in the operating elements in the Defi electrodes
- conversion of the voltage and current signals into a frequency to measure energy
- activation and control of the high-voltage transformer
- generation of the emergency cutoff signal in the event of inadmissibly high voltage
- measurement of the high voltage on the primary winding of the high-voltage transformer

#### Servicing Instructions

- rectification of the high voltage
- protection of the high-voltage diode
- discharging the storage capacitor as a safety precaution
- measurement of the high voltage on the storage capacitor
- energy delivery via the high-voltage relay

A further unit organizes the entire instrument's power supply. This is provided by the built-in battery, the power supply unit or, optionally, from an external battery (e.g., ambulance power supply system). It has the following tasks:

- switching instrument on/off
- automatic cutoff when battery voltage is too low
- monitoring the "charge battery" threshold
- power source selection: battery or power supply system
- charging the built-in battery by a special circuit independent of how high the supply voltage is

#### **PCB** Digital

The PCB Digital is equipped with the microcontroller, which controls the entire instrument. It comprises a Motorola 68332 microcontroller, RAM, EPROM, EEPROM, watchdog and I/O ports. It has the following functions:

- safety control during charging and shock release (2nd path : software)
- displaying the ECG and text on the LC screen (delete bar procedure)
- processing the curves and texts for the printer controller for output onto paper
- 50 / 60-Hz filter (software)
- alarm management

Circuit component display:

- graphics controller to control the display, which ensures screen refresh
- display RAM
- generation of voltages for the LCD ( LCD power supply )
- generation of high voltage for background illumination
- Pal for chip select generation for display
- contrast adjustment

Circuit component real-time clock:

- real-time clock with lithium battery buffer and integrated quartz crystal
- Pal for chip select generation for clock

Circuit component 1-channel recorder:

- single-chip microcontroller to output data at thermal-array printhead
- monitoring printhead temperature
- motor control for paper transport
- switches off motor in the event of overload or underload

#### Servicing Instructions

- generation of power supply voltages for the recorder
- processing of all signals for the printer microcontroller

Further circuit components on the PCB are:

- generation of 5 V from 12 V via an integrated switching controller, short-circuit-proof and protected against overvoltage by Transzorb diodes
- sound generator, frequency controlled by SW
- RS-232 interface, protected against overvoltage by Transzorb diodes. Interface integrated into microcontroller, external conversion of level from 5 V to +- 12 V.
- energy selector switch, binary coded, delivers its information to PCB Analog and to the microcontroller
- keyboard interface to connect the membrane keypad
- control of LEDs on the keypad
- watchdog
- reset generation, when +5-V supply drops below 4,65 V or exceeds 5,5 V
- RAM buffering by battery when instrument is switched off
- pacemaker functions integrated on PCB Digital
- serial hookup of pacemaker and microcontroller
- pacemaker conducts current when in operative mode only.

### 3.1 Pcb. usage on different CardioServ ( 4.x ) Version's

	Pcb.Digital Spare 388 032 06 Exchange 389 004 25	Pcb.Digital Spare 388 032 53 Exchange 389 004 26	Pcb.Analog Spare. 303 445 43 Exchange 389 004 22	Pcb.Power Supply Spare 930 118 46	Pcb.SPO2 Spare 930 117 26
CardioServ 101 117 01 Version 4.x without pacemaker / without SPO2		х	х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 03 Version 4.x with pacemaker / without SPO2	х		х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 04 Version 4.x without pacemaker / with SPO2		х	х	х	х
CardioServ 101 117 05 Version 4.x with pacemaker / with SPO2	х		х	x	x
CardioServ 101 117 09 Version 4.x USA without pacemaker / without SPO2		x	x	x	
CardioServ 101 117 11 Version 4.x USA with pacemaker / without SPO2	х		х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 12 Version 4.x USA without pacemaker / with SPO2		х	х		х
CardioServ 101 117 13 Version 4.x USA with pacemaker / with SPO2	х		х	х	х

	Pcb.Digital Spare 388 032 06 Exchange 389 004 25	Pcb.Digital Spare 388 032 53 Exchange 389 004 26	Pcb.Analog Spare. 303 445 43 Exchange 389 004 22	Pcb.Power Supply Spare 930 118 46	Pcb.SPO2 Spare 930 117 26
CardioServ 101 117 02 Version 4.x ESAOTE without pacemaker / without SPO2		х	х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 06 Version 4.x ESAOTE with pacemaker / without SPO2	х		х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 07 Version 4.x ESAOTE without pacemaker / with SPO2		х	х	х	х
CardioServ 101 117 08 Version 4.x ESAOTE with pacemaker / with SPO2	х		х	х	х

### Pcb. usage on different CardioServ VF ( 4.x ) Version's

	Pcb.Digital	Pcb.Digital	Pcb.Analog	Pcb.Power Supply	Dob SDO2
	Spare 388 032 06 Exchange 389 004 25	Spare 388 032 53 Exchange 389 004 26	Spare. 303 445 43 Exchange 389 004 22	Spare 930 118 46	Spare 930 117 26
CardioServ 101 117 21 Version 4.x without pacemaker / without SPO2		x	х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 22 Version 4.x with pacemaker / without SPO2	х		х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 23 Version 4.x without pacemaker / with SPO2		х	х	х	х
CardioServ 101 117 24 Version 4.x with pacemaker / with SPO2	х		х	х	x
CardioServ 101 117 25 Version 4.x USA without pacemaker / without SPO2		х	х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 26 Version 4.x USA with pacemaker / without SPO2	х		х	х	
CardioServ 101 117 27 Version 4.x USA without pacemaker / with SPO2		х	х		х
CardioServ 101 117 28 Version 4.x USA with pacemaker / with SPO2		x	х	х	

	Pcb.Digital Spare 388 032 06 Exchange 389 004 25	Pcb.Digital Spare 388 032 53 Exchange 389 004 26	Pcb.Analog Spare. 303 445 43 Exchange 389 004 22	Pcb.Power Supply Spare 930 118 46	Pcb.SPO2 Spare 930 117 26
CardioServ 101 117 29 Version 4.x ESAOTE without pacemaker / without SPO2		x	x	x	
CardioServ 101 117 30 Version 4.x ESAOTE with pacemaker / without SPO2	x		x	х	
CardioServ 101 117 31 Version 4.x ESAOTE without pacemaker / with SPO2		х	х	х	x
CardioServ 101 117 32 Version 4.x ESAOTE with pacemaker / with SPO2	х		х	x	х

### 3.2 Important Servicing Note:

### Replacing CardioServ PCBs

When CardioServ PCBs are replaced the technician must call up the self-test screen after replacing the PCB. The new components are reported automatically in the software configuration. After restarting CardioServ recognizes the new components. This is important in the case of SpO2 and Pacemaker. Further the Performance Check (see on Page 62) needs to be accomplished.

### **Replacing PCB Digital**

The identification numbers 0000 and 1111 are stored in the Eeprom of the PCB Digital for CardioServ Manual and CardioServ VF, respectively.

The replacement PCB always has the identification number 0000 stored in the Eeprom for CardioServ Manual.

If during servicing the replacement PCB Digital is inserted into a CardioServ VF, when it is switched on the CardioServ is in the manual mode. The following combinations of keys are required to switch the CardioServ from manual to semi-automatic operation.

- 1. Press F1 and F5 keys simultaneously: The function **Configuration** appears on the screen.
- 2. Press F3 and F4 keys simultaneously: The function **Key Test** appears on the screen.
- 3. Press the Analysis key.
- 4. Press F3 and F4 keys simultaneously.

The identification code for the CardioServ VF stored in the Eeprom of the PCB Digital is now 1111 and the CardioServ operates in the semi-automatic mode.

### 4. Signal names

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL <-> PCB ANALOG Connector

Note: I/O from processor 68332 viewpoint

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
ENSELD-ENSELA	I/O	Selection of energy level or device On/Off or position ECG DCBA HHHH -> locked mechanically, reaction to error HHHL -> Device off HHLH -> ECG HHLL -> 2J HLHH -> 5J HLHL -> 7J HLLH -> 10J HLLL -> 20J LHHH -> 50J LHHL -> 50J LHHL -> 50J LHLH -> 50J LHLH -> 50J LHLH -> 100J LHLL -> 100J LLHH -> 100J LLHH -> 150J LLHL -> 100J LLHL -> 300J LLHL -> 300J LLLH -> 300J LLLL -> 360J	+5V	
TACHARGE		Charging signal from keypad	+5V	high-active
TADISCHARGE		Discharge signal from keypad	+5V	high-active
TAENABLE	0	Release signal for shock release via keypad	+5V	high-active
CHARGE_	1	Charging OR signal from keypad and paddle	+5V	low-active
DISCHARGE_	1	Discharge OR signal from keypad and paddle	+5V	low-active
PAPRINT	1	Triggers printout	+5V	high-active
ENERGY- SELECTED	0	L=enables HV generator start H=switches HV generator and HV off Reset position or lead interrupt = high	+5V	low-active
RELEASE	1	Message D relay on	+5V	high-active
SYNC_	0	Triggers Defi shock in SYNC mode off. Is low in normal mode. Prevents shock release when high	+5V	low-active
RESDEF_	0	Reset Defi	+5V	low-active
AIMESS	0	Enables pick-up of C relay, toggles between current and voltage measurement L=C relay off, voltage reading H=C relay on, current reading	+5V	high-active
RELE	0	Switches E relay on, thereby enabling pick-up of C relay L=E relay not picked up H=E relay picked up	+5V	high-active

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
GEST	I	With a L->H change shows when the generator was started and with H->L change when the selected energy level is reached. (Detection by oscillator reverse voltage)	+5V	high-active
ELEC1 - ELEC3	I	Defi Electrode Identification 321 HHH -> External Electrode HLL -> Adhesive Electrode LHL -> Internal Electrode Other	+5V	
U_F	1	Current or Voltage Measurement Converted into Frequency	+5V	
PWON_		Stop Signal for Electronic Relay (Device-On/Off)		low-active
BATLOW_	1	Battery Undervoltage	+5V	low-active
BATLAD_	1	Battery Charge Display	+5V	low-active
12VBAT		12-V Standby Power Supply for Static RAMs	+12V	
LINE		Line-Power Operation Display	+12V	high-active
MISOEXT	1	Master-In Slave-Out (Buffered)	+5V	
MOSIEXT	0	Master-Out Slave-In (Buffered)	+5V	
SCKEXT PCS1EXT_	0	QSPI Serial Clock (Buffered) Peripheral Chip Select1 (Buffered)	+5V +5V	low-active
PCS2EXT_	0	Peripheral Chip Select2 (Buffered)	+5V	low-active
GND		Ground Reference Level 5-V Supply	0V	
+5V		+%V Power Supply	+5V	
RESETB_	0	Buffered Reset Signal	+5V	low-active
RX_SPO2	1	UART Signal Received Data for SPO2	+5V	
TX_SPO2	0	UART Signal Transmit Data for SPO2	+5V	
EKTRIG_	0	ECG Trigger für SPO2	+5V	
RESSP02	0	Reset SPO2	+5V	low-active
RxD	1	Receive Data RS232	+5V	
TxD	0	Transmit Data RS232	+5V	
GND1V	0	Ground Analog 1Volt Out	+5V	
A!VOUT	0	Signal Analog 1Volt Out	+5V	

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL <-> PCB ANALOG Connector PS

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
GND_ANA		Ground	0V	
+12V_ANA		+12V Power Supply	+12V	
+5V-ANA		+5V Power Supply	+5V	

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL <-> Printhead/Motor Interface Connector PRINT

Note: I/O from processor 80C51 or motor control viewpoint

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
KLA,	0	Printhead Latch Signal	+5V	high-active
KCLK	0	Printhead Clock Signal	+5V	L->H
KDAT	0	Printhead Data Signal	+5V	
KSTRB	0	Printhead Strobe Signal	+5V	high-active
TERM1	I	Printhead Thermistor Connector1	+5V	
TERM2	I	Printhead Thermistor Connector2	+5V	
GNDJ		Ground Thermal-Array Printhead	0V	
+5V		++5V Power Supply Thermal-Array Printhead	+5V	
+22V		+22V Power Supply Thermal-Array Printhead	+22V	
VDD1	0	Release Signal for Thermal-Array Printhead Overvoltage	+22V	high-active
MOTOR+	0	Motor Connector +	var	
MOTOR-	0	Motor Connector -	var	
SENSE	1	Motor Current Sensor Signal	var	

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL <-> LCD Connector AD (HOSIDEN HLM6323)

Note: I/O from Graphics Controller viewpoint

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
V0	0	Contrast Voltage	var.	
VEE		Negative Power Supply for LCD	-23V	
D3-D0	0	Serial Pixel Data	+5V	
М	0	LCD Drive Signal (AC Signal)	+5V	
VSS		Ground	+0V	
VDD		+5V Power Supply	+5V	
CP2		Display Data Shift Clock	+5V	H->L
CP1		Display Data Latch Signal	+5V	H->L
s	0	Frame Signal	+5V	high-active
DISP_OFF_	0	Display ON/OFF H=Display ON L=Display OFF	+5V	low-active
FG		Frame Ground	0V	

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL <-> LCD Connector AE (HOSIDEN HLM8619)

Note: I/O from Inverter viewpoint

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
FL HOT	0	High Voltage for CCFT		
FL GND	0	High-Voltage Ground		

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL<->LCD Connector AF (OPTREX DMF50174NF- FW)

Note: I/O from Graphics Controller viewpoint

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
FLM	0	Frame Signal	+5V	high-active
LP		Data Latch Signal	+5V	H->L
СР	0	Clock Signal for Shifting Serial Ddta	+5V	H->L
М	0	Alternate Signal for LCD Drive	+5V	
VADJ		Contrast Signal	var	
vcc_		+5V Power Supply	+5V	
VSS		Ground	0V	
VEE		-23V Power Supply	-23V	
D3-D0 DISP_OFF	0	Display Data Display ON/OFF H=Display ON L=Display OFF	+5V +5V	low-active

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL<->LCD Connector AG (OPTREX DMF50174NF- FW)

Note: I/O from Inverter viewpoint

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
FL HOT	0	High Voltage for CCFT		
FL GND	0	High-Voltage Ground		

### Interface Signals PCB DIGITAL <-> Keypad Interface Connector AH

Note: I/O from processor 68332 viewpoint

Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
KBROW0_ KBROW1_ KBROW2_ KBROW3_	0	Keypad Matrix Columns	+5V	low-active
KBCOL0_ KBCOL1_ KBCOL2_ KBCOL3_	I	Keypad Matrix Lines	+5V	low-active
TAENABLE	0	Release Signal for Key Charge/Defib + Defib	+5V	high-active
TACHARGE	I	Charge/Defib Key	+5V	high-active
TADISCHARGE	I	Defib Key	+5V	high-active
ON_OFF_	0	On/Off Key	+5V	
GND		Ground	0V	
LINE		Line LED	+12V	high-active
BAT	0	Battery Undervoltage LED	+5V	high-active

### Interface Signals PCB Potential Separation <->Nellcor MP204

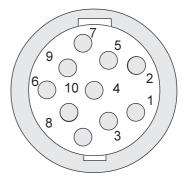
Signal Name	I/O	Meaning	Level	Polarity
TX	0	Transmit	+5V	high-active
RX	0	Receive	+5V	high-active
EK_SYN	1	ECG Trigger Signal	+5V	high-active
RESET_	0	Reset	+5V	low-active
GNDF		Ground	0V	

### 4.1 Pin configuration of panel connectors

### 4.1.1 Socket SpO<sub>2</sub> 303 443 57

Marquette Hellige input socket, circular version Blue mark on plug

	On device
1	Anode Photodetector
2	nc
3	nc
4	Cathode Photodetector
5	GND
6	R(cal)
7	LED - (Red LED Cathode, IR_LED Anode)
8	nc
9	LED + (Red LED Anode, IR_LED Cathode)
10	GND Screen

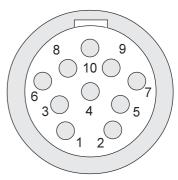


Front view

### 4.1.2 Socket ECG 303 442 99

Marquette Hellige input socket, circular version Green mark on plug

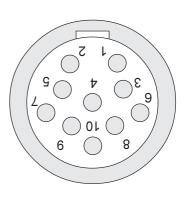
	1	1
	5-Lead Cable	3-Lead Cable
1	Input R	R
2	Input C	L
3	Input F	F
4	Input N	
5	Input L	
6	Ident Cable Connected	Ident Cable Connected
7	GND floating	GND floating
8		
9	Ident 5-Lead Cable	
10	Screen	Screen



Front view

### 4.1.3 Socket Option 303 445 17

- 1 ---
- 2 TX
- 3 RX
- 4 ---
- 5 ---
- 6 ----
- 7 GNO
- 8 VCC
- 9 ECG
- 10 GND ECG

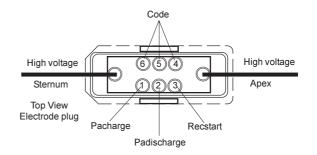


Front view

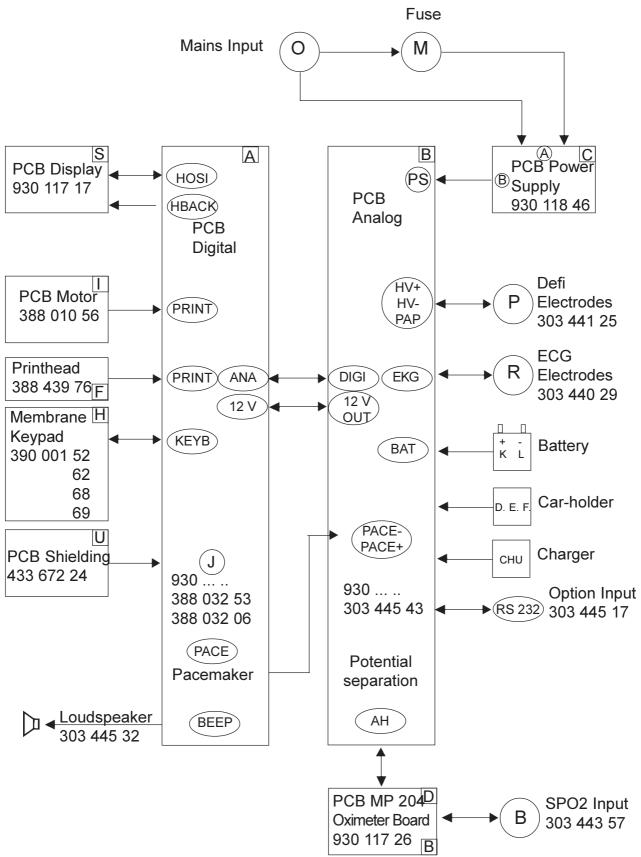
### 4.1.4 Socket Paddle 30344416

- 1 PACHARGE
- 2 PADISCHARGE
- 3 RECSTART
- 4 CODE
- 5 CODE
- 6 CODE

High Voltage / Pace / Apex High Voltage/ Pace / Sternum



### 5. Block Diagram CardioServ VF/V4



### 6. Assembly Instructions

#### **General Information:**

Before opening the CardioServ switch the instrument off, disconnect power cord plug, remove battery and implement ESD protection measures. Return replacement PCB in ESD packaging only

#### Opening the instrument:

Undo the 9 screws on the bottom of the device, place upper case shell to the left next to the instrument.

#### Removing the PCB Digital:

The PCB Digital is located in the upper shell. Disconnect the 50-pin flat strip cable and the 2-pin 12-V power supply cord. The recorder, plugged into the lower case shell, can be removed and the flat strip cable connected to the thermal-array printhead and motor disconnected. Lay the upper shell "face down", remove the screening plate fixed in place by a screw and 5 plastic catches. Remove the insulating card. Undo the 8 PCB Digital fastening screws (leave the 4 display screws in place) and remove the rotating knob of the energy selector switch. Carefully lift up the PCB and pull out the membrane keypad connector on the left. The PCB Digital can now be removed along with the display screen.

#### Removing the display screen:

- -Disconnect plug-in connector to display illumination.
- -Carefully pull the zero power connector safety catch of the display-membrane keypad connector upwards and disconnect membrane keypad lead.
- Remove the 4 display fastening screws

### Removing the PCB Analog:

Disconnect 50-pin flat strip cable, connection cable to the battery, power supply unit and PCB Digital. Detach connector to the ECG socket and disconnect connections to Defi socket. Remove ECG amplifier cover with 3 screws and 2 plastic catches. Unscrew the 10 screws on the PCB Analog (4 capacitors, 2 high-voltage oscillators) and 3 hexagonal columns.

Device cannot be switched on during line-power operation:

- 230-V power supply via power supply unit OK ? Measure at connector CA.
- Connector 230-V plug to power supply unit OK?
- Fuse in feed line and on power supply unit OK?
- Lead line-power supply unit -- PCB Analog OK?
- Lead PCB Analog -- PCB Digital (2-pin power supply 16V) OK?
- Lead PCB Analog -- PCB Digital (50-pin control) plugged in correctly?
- 16 V on PCB Analog at connector ? no --> power supply unit defective or short-circuit (power supply unit tackered)
- Fuse SI500 (16V) on PCB Digital OK?

7. Troubleshooting Hints

- Fuse SI502 (5V) on PCB Digital OK?
- "Device On Signal" PWON\_ present and 16V available on PCB Digital: yes --> Digital defective
- PCB Analog or PCB Digital defective ?

#### Device cannot be switched on during battery operation:

- Battery charged?
- Lead battery contacts -- PCB Analog OK?
- Fuse for battery on PCB Analog OK?
- Connector battery contact and connector power supply PCB Digital confused
- Fuse SI500 (16V), SI502 (5V) on PCB Digital OK?
- PCB Analog defective ?

#### Device does not print out:

- Paper inserted correctly? (thermosensitive side facing up)
- Flat strip cable to printer OK?
- Mechanical failure in paper transport, paper feed ?
- Without paper platin runs approx. 1 sec
- Flap not completely closed
- Print key on membrane keypad does not respond when pressed (perform key test)
- Does motor run? or printhead voltage there? or movement on the data lines to printhead? no --> PCB Digital defective?

#### Pacemaker mode disabled

- No +5V power supply on floating side
- Pacemaker cable not plugged in correctly

#### Servicing Instructions

#### No display on LCD

- Contrast poorly adjusted ? (change contrast)
- Contrast keys defective ? (perform key test)
- Connector for illumination or data OK?
- Illumination defective?
- Fuse SI500 (16V), SI501(background illumination), SI502 (5V) on PCB Digital OK?
- Display defective?
- PCB Digital defective ?

#### No ECG on display via ECG cable or paddles

- Connector to ECG socket OK?
- Connector to paddles OK?
- Lead PCB Analog -- PCB Digital (50-pin control ) OK?
- ECG via paddles or ECG cable OK : --> PCB Analog defective
- PCB Analog or PCB Digital defective ?

#### Battery does not charge:

- Yellow LED must glow when battery is being charged
- Fuse SI501 on PCB Analog defective ?
- Check connector to battery
- Voltage on power supply unit under 16 V

#### Self-test:

F1 + F5 simultaneously to go to configuration and with Print print out the current error messages

In configuration with F3 + F4 key test and carry out printer adjustment (Print key)

In configuration with F3 + F5 restore default (factory setting)

Display test chessboard pattern at power up

Error in time base: The clock must be set once or PCB Digital defective

Error in energy storage : Adjust energy storage / measurement or PCB Analog defective

Error RAM, ROM, Display-RAM, permanent memory, watchdog: PCB Digital defective.

Error Charge or Discharge actuated (key sticking).

#### Troubleshooting hints for PCB SPO2

When the PCB SPO2 is inoperative or operates defectively check the 5V floating voltage. The voltage must lie between 4.8-4.9V.

Servicing Instructions

#### 7.1 Error Codes in the CardioServ Self-Test Screen

0002: RAM error RAM error 0004: 0008: RAM error ROM error 0010: 0020: **EEPROM** error 0100: Clock error 0200: Charge key error Discharge key error 0400: Energy outside range 0800:

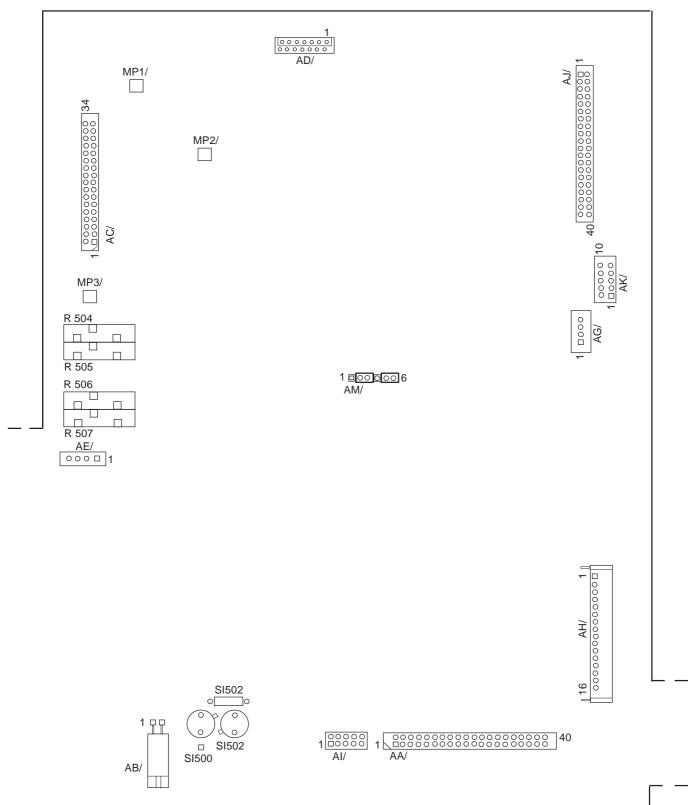
These errors can occur in combination: RAM + ROM: 0012

#### SpO<sub>2</sub>

No. 0	"No"	2)	internal ne error
		a),	internal, no error
No. 1	"RAM"	b),	MP204, RAM error
No. 2	"ROM"	b),	MP204, ROM error
No. 3	"Data Link"	c),	MP204, serial communication to SpO2 module is defective
No. 4	"Command"	c),	MP204, defective commands from CardioServ to SpO2 module
No. 5	"Value"	c),	MP204, defective values from CardioServ to SpO2 module
No. 6	"Calibration"	e),	MP204, calibration error
No. 7	"Not used"	e),	MP204, SpO2 is in calibration mode
No. 8	"Calibr. request"	c),	MP204, calibration request rejected by SpO2 module
No. 9	"Communication"	c),	MP204, defective commands from CardioServ to SpO2 module
No. 10	"Over-current"	d),	MP204, excessive sensor current identified
No. 11	"Post Aver Time"	e),	internal, Post Average Time (integration time setting not adopted)
No. 12	"Post Aver Time"	e),	internal, Post Average Time (integration time scanning rate not adopted)
No. 13	"Defect"	e),	internal, undefined error

- a) no error, everything O.K.
- b) SpO2 module no longer functions, replace SpO2 module
- c) check connection from main board to the SpO2 module
- d) replace sensor or cable and switch CardioServ off and then on again
- e) switch CardioServ off and then on again

## 8. Adjustment Instructions



PCB Digital 388 032 06 PCB Digital 388 032 53

### Motor Adjustment on PCB Digital

What to adjust or to check?	What to measure with?	How to activate testing mode?	Where to turn?	How much and exact?	What else to note?
Adjust motor speed under small load (recorder flap open) on stationary motor pinion.	Flash at motor pinion with stroboscope (LED).	1) Call up configuration (Press F1 + F5 simultaneously) 2) Call up key test (Press F3+F4 keys simultaneously) 3) Press Print key Speed selector	Speed selector R 506	Stroboscope frequency = 181.07 Hz When a square wave generator activated by LED is used, a low key ratio should be observed.	Motor should be at room temperature. The testing mode terminates automatically after a few seconds. This can be suppressed by pressing any key.
Adjust motor speed under normal load (recorder flap closed) and small load (recorder flap open) so that there is no difference in RPM.			Compensation adjuster R 505		If the RPM changes after compensation adjustment, this should be corrected once more only with R521.

### No Stroboscope Available: Motor Adjustment on PCB Digital

What to adjust or to check?	What to measure with?	How to activate testing mode?	Where to turn?	How much and exact?	What else to note?
Adjust motor speed under small load (recorder flap open wide enough so that paper is just transported)	Remeasure grid printout. min. 200 mm	1) Call up configura- tion (Press F1 + F5 simultaneously) 2) Call up key test (Press F3+F4 keys simultaneously) 3) Press Print key	Speed selector R506	< 1%	Motor should be at room temperature. The testing mode terminates automatically after a few seconds. This can be suppressed by pressing any key.
Adjust motor speed under normal load (recorder flap closed)			Compensation adjuster R505		The adjust-procedure is complete when the RPM is 25 mm/s under small load and normal load.

### **Heating Time Adjustment on PCB Digital**

What to adjust or to check?	What to measure with?	How to activate testing mode?	Where to turn?	How much and exact?	What else to note?
Heating time	Connect oscillo- scope to MP2/1 and MP1/1 (GND)	Press Print key in main menu	Heating time adjuster R507	500µs +/- 1% referred to 22°C printhead temperature	Adjustment ensues at 25 mm/s. Important: printhead warms up during printing

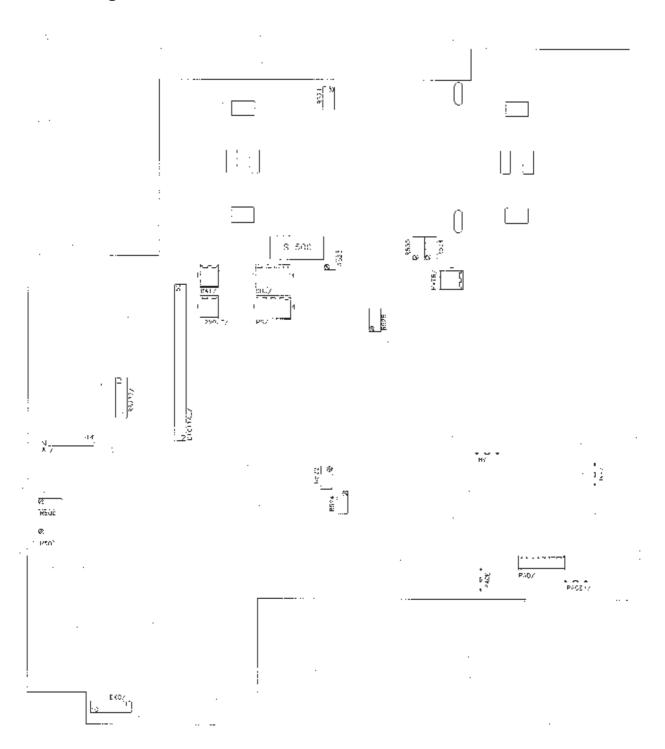
### 5-V Overvoltage Cutoff Threshold on PCB Digital

What to adjust or to check?	What to measure with?	How to activate testing mode?	Where to turn?	How much and exact?	What else to note?
5-V power supply monitoring	Voltmeter. Input impedance >= 1MOhm	Between MP3/1 and GND	R504	2,720V <1%	

### Control of the Power Supply Voltages on PCB Digital

What to adjust or to check?	What to measure with?	Where to measure?	How much and exact?	What else to note?
5-V power supply	Voltmeter.	Between +5V and GND	5,0V +/-2%	
+22-V power supply	Voltmeter.	Between +22V and GND (C504)	+22V +/-5%	Recorder stationary
-23-V power supply	Voltmeter.	between -23V and GND	-23V +/-5%	

### **PCB** Analog



PCB Analog 303 445 (for Service) PCB Analog 388 028 10R (for Production)

#### Important Notice for Energy adjustmend on Pcb.Analog

In order to represent the actual charged Energy on the Display of the CardioServ, it is necessary to activate the following function .

- 1. Press together the key F1 and F 5  $\Rightarrow$  the Function < Unit Configuration > is active
- 2. Press together the key F3 and F  $4 \Rightarrow$  the Function < Key t -Test > is active
- 3. Press any key on the key pad
- 4. Press together the key F3 and F 4  $\Rightarrow$  leave the Function < Key t -Test >

Now the Energy adjustment may to be started.

**Note:** In user mode the selected Energy is displayed within the allowed tolerance.

#### **Energy Adjustment on PCB Analog**

What to adjust or to check?	What to measure with?	How to activate testing mode?	Where to turn?	How much and exact?	What else to note?
Energy released in 50-ohm resistor	Defi tester		R534	100J +-2J	Turn R508 left to minimum. Selector switch to 100J Defibrillate in Defi tester
Adjust charging time	Timer		R525	8s	Starting from the left adjust R512 Selector switch to 360J Defibrillate in Defi tester
Adjust display of energy to be released in 50- ohm resistor	Defi tester	Check screen display	R521	Energy displayed in Defi tester +-2J	Selector switch to 100J Defibrillate in Defi tester
Adjust display of energy released	Defi tester	Check screen display (50 ohms)	R523	Energy displayed in Defi tester +-2J	Selector switch to 100J Defibrillate in Defi tester
Safety cut-off			R520	Attention! Do not alter	Safety cut-off adjustment in factory only
Check all energy levels	Defi tester		R534, R521, R523	Selected energy level +-5% or 2J Higher value permissible	Adjust all energy levels on energy selector switch. If required, correct previous settings

### **EC Amplifier Adjustment on PCB Analog**

What to adjust or to check?	What to measure with?	How to activate testing mode?	Where to turn?	How much and exact?	What else to note?
Offset EC amplifier cable	Optical scale	Display	R501	Baseline offset < 1 mm	Toggle amplification between 0.5, 1 and 2
Amplification EC amplifier cable	Optical scale	Printer	R500	10 mm +-0.5 mm	ECG pickup 1 mV
Offset EC amplifier paddles	Optical scale	Display	R524	Baseline offset < 1 mm	Toggle amplification between 0.5, 1 and 2
Amplification EC amplifier paddles	Optical scale	Printer	R522	10 mm +- 0.5 mm Connect ECG pickup with paddles Amplitude 1 mV	

### 9. Technical Specifications CardioServ/CardioServ VF

The "Technical Specifications" section describes the technical data of the device valid at the time of printing.

#### **Operating modes**

- \* manual (non-synchronized, synchronized)
- \* semiautomatic (VF)
- \* semiautomatic/button (VF)
- \* semiautomatic/dongle (VF)

#### **Energy selection**

adjustable, energy to be delivered into 50 ohms displayed digitally

\* selectable energy levels, energy to be delivered into a 50-ohm resistance (max. energy of 50 joules for internal defibrillation):

2

5

7

10

20 30

50

100

150

200

300

360 ioules

\* possible deviation from selected energy below values specified by IEC

#### **Energy storage**

by means of capacitor, capacitor is charged from battery, from a 12-volt power source (emergency vehicle) or from the power line (95 to 240 V; 49 to 65 Hz); when capacitor charging is terminated buzzer sounds:

- \* capacitor charging time for energy setting of 360 J:
  - from power line: typically 8 s
  - from fully charged battery: typically 8 s
  - from partially discharged battery: typically 10 s (15 s max.),
     measured at least 5 minutes after 15 shocks of 360 joules each (for 200 joules typically 4 s)

#### Servicing Instructions

#### **Defibrillation shock**

capacitor discharge via induction coil (damped serial resonant circuit), pulse shape = a sinusoidal halfwave with decay period:

- \* pulse duration for an external resistance of 50 ohms approx. 4 ms, measured from the beginning of the pulse to the intersection of the zero line and the inflection point of the trailing pulse edge
- \* in synchronized mode the defibrillation shock is released within 30 ms of the R-wave trigger

#### Discharge circuit

serial oscillating circuit in series with external resistance (patient):

- \* capacitance 32 µF
- \* inductance 26 mH
- equivalent resistance 6.5 ohms

#### **Pulse output**

isolated, no conductive connection with enclosure, open-circuit and short-circuit-proof

\* isolation test voltage 8 kV DC, type CF according to IEC requirements

#### Safety discharge

capacitor discharge via internal load resistance:

- \* when the defibrillation shock is not triggered within 30 s after charging
- \* when the defibrillation shock is triggered, but the discharge circuit is interrupted, after approx. 0.2 s
- \* immediately when reducing the selected energy during or after charging
- \* when the selected energy is not reached, after 32 s
- \* in the event of technical malfunctions

#### **Test features**

- pilot lamp for battery charging
- \* defibrillator test by discharging the stored energy into the internal 50-ohm load resistance; 3-digit display of the delivered energy
- \* warning on LCD when discharge circuit is interrupted (e.g., defibrillation paddle not applied)
- \* automatic defibrillator test on power up with display of error message, if applicable

#### **Synchronization**

with ECG signal of either polarity:

\* min. ECG amplitude for reliable triggering approx. 0.5 mV with QRS duration of 80 ms

#### Servicing Instructions

#### ECG signal input via paddles

ECG signal acquisition via defibrillator paddles, ECG trace displayed on LCD, automatic switching to ECG electrodes when patient cable is connected; cardioversion both via ECG patient cable and via paddles; differential input; isolated, class CF according to IEC, with overvoltage protection

- \* input voltage range ±4 mV
- \* input impedance >1.5 Mohm
- max. polarization voltage ±1V
- \* frequency response 2.2 Hz to 20 Hz (-3 dB)
- \* common-mode rejection >80 dB
- \* patient leakage current: in normal condition <10 μA, in single-fault condition <50 μA
- detection of pacing pulses
  - pulse duration d<sub>p</sub> >approx. 0.1 ms <2.0 ms</li>
  - pace marker independent of polarity
  - pulse amplitude a<sub>n</sub> ±20 to ±700 mV
  - reverse-current pulse a<sub>0</sub> ±1 mV
  - time constant  $t_0$  = 25 to 100 ms

#### ECG signal input via patient cable

via ECG electrodes, automatic switching to ECG electrodes when patient cable is connected; cardioversion both via ECG electrodes and via paddles; differential input, symmetrically referred to N, isolated, class CF according to IEC; 7 standard leads selectable via lead selector; input with overvoltage protection (defibrillation-proof):

- \* input voltage range ±4.4 mV for recorder, ±4 mV for display
- \* input impedance >2.5 Mohm for 10 Hz
- common-mode dynamic range ±3 V
- \* differential DC voltage compatibility ±1 V
- \* common-mode rejection (CMRR) R,L referred to N 65 dB, N referred to chassis >110 dB
- \* QRS trigger (measured according to AAMI EC 13): trigger threshold 0.3 mV (for QRS widths between 40 ms and 70 ms and between 30 and 250 BPM)
- \* bandwidth .5 to 100 Hz
- \* patient leakage current: in normal condition <10 μA, in single-fault condition <50 μA
- \* ground leakage current: in normal condition .5 mA, in single-fault condition 1 mA
- \* voltage resistance referred to circuit reference 4 kV

#### Servicing Instructions

- detection of pacing pulses
  - pulse duration d<sub>p</sub> >approx. 0.1 ms <2.0 ms</li>
  - pace marker independent of polarity
  - pulse amplitude a<sub>p</sub> ±20 to ±700 mV
  - reverse-current pulse a₀ ±1 mV
  - time constant  $t_0$  = 25 to 100 ms

#### Signal display

backlit LCD, 2-channel erase bar mode, calibration pulse in left-hand corner (for ECG) alphanumeric presentation of alarm messages, sensitivity, leads, systole blinker, alarm limits, heart rate, energy and softkey labels

ECG freeze with simultaneous display of the current ECG and (for units with  ${\rm SpO}_2$  function) plethysmogram at a smaller scale

ECG trace 1.5 times larger than on recording: with a sensitivity of 1 cm/mV a 1-mV signal has an amplitude of 1.5 cm on the display

- \* erase bar sweep speed 25 mm/s
- \* trace length in real-time mode 4.6 s
- \* display dimensions: 115 mm wide, 86 mm high
- \* resolution 320 x 240 pixels (pitch of .36 x .36 mm)
- displayed image can be rotated 180°

#### Signal transmission

signal input —> amplification —> signal sampling —> AD conversion —> digital processing —> LCD and recorder

- \* selectable sensitivity: .5-1-2 cm/mV (with max. sensitivity of 2 cm/mV a 1-mV input signal is 2 cm in amplitude on the recorder and about 3 cm on the LCD), amplitude limited to approx. ±2 cm on the recorder and approx. ±3 cm on the LCD
- \* signal sampling rate 1000 Hz at mains frequency of 50 Hz, 1200 Hz at mains frequency of 60 Hz

#### ECG signal output ("Option" port)

- \* ECG lead shown on display
- 1 V output signal for 1 mV input signal (at 1 cm/mV)
- $^*$  U<sub>max</sub> ±2 V
- \* overall error < 3% (typical)</p>
- \* R<sub>1</sub> 500 W min.
- \* delay < 150 ms (not suitable for precise triggering)

9 = FCG

10 = chassis

#### Servicing Instructions

#### Systole check

- \* heart symbol flashing on the LCD
- \* QRS beep (can be disabled)
- \* AC line filter 50 Hz (60 Hz); interference elimination
- \* muscle filter

low pass filter with  $f_{lim}$  = 27 Hz (50 Hz mains)  $f_{lim}$  = 32 Hz (60 Hz mains) cut-off at 83/100 Hz

#### Heart-rate measurement

derivation of trigger pulses from the ECG of either polarity, adaptive trigger threshold, calculation of the average rate, storage of the result, 3-digit display on LCD, alarm limits to the left of the reading:

- \* measuring range 15 to 300 BPM
- \* digit height of HR reading 7.5 mm
- \* digit height of alarm limits 2.5 mm
- min. amplitude for reliable triggering >.25 mV for ECG signal with a QRS duration of 80 ms

#### Alarm system

electronic release of alarm

- \* when the HR violates one of the set limits for at least 5 s: alarm tone sounds (can be disabled), message "Alarm, high HR" or "Alarm, low HR", recorder starts (if configured)
- \* when at least one of the selected electrodes drops off: audible signal (if patient cable is plugged in), message "Alarm, Electrode" on display
- \* alarm limits adjustment range 15 to 300 BPM (not overlapping)
- \* digit height of alarm limits 2.5 mm
- \* keys to cancel alarm and to silence alarm tone
- softkeys to adjust alarm limits
- \* when set up for VF detection running in the background, alarm release can be enabled or disabled

#### Servicing Instructions

#### Recording

delayed recording of the ECG stored in the signal memory (strip length 16 s, incl. 4-s history) in the event of an alarm plus alphanumeric annotations on the paper margin:

- heart rate
- lead
- filter
- date
- time
- paper speed
- cause of recording (defib, alarm, manual)
- selected energy
- delivered energy
- sync mark
- text (name of user/hospital/practice)

After the ECG recording, a patient ID sheet is printed indicating name, date of birth, user, comments, date, time, energy and alarm limits.

Direct writing with rectangular coordinates using thermorecording technology (printhead with electronically controlled thermal elements records on thermosensitive paper), baseline fixed at the center of the space available for recording of the ECG trace, grid imprint, roll paper, paper transport by electronically controlled DC motor, limited duration of transport

- \* number of recording channels 2
- \* paper width 55 mm
- \* roll diameter 60 mm max. (roll with 40 m of Marquette Hellige CONTRAST®)
- \* printhead resolution vertical 6 dots/mm, horizontal 24 dots/mm
- \* paper speed 25 mm/s ±5%
- \* paper transport after both manual and automatic start 16 s (incl. history of 4 s after automatic recorder start)

To prevent damage to the printhead, use only the original Marquette Hellige CONTRAST® chart paper.

#### Memory

- \* storage of 40 ECG strips initiated by defibrillation or alarm with a length of 16 seconds and a history of 4 seconds each, incl. a full report
- \* storage of the 80 most recent actions (e.g., power on, power off, alarms, defibrillation energy) incl. date and time

#### Servicing Instructions

#### SpO<sub>2</sub>

\* saturation: 0 to 100 %, in 1-% increments

\* frequency: 0 to 250 BPM, in 1-BPM increments

\* alarm limit: off, 15 to 100 %

display of plethysmogram

\* C-LOCK ECG synchronization

\* integration time: 4, 8 and 12 seconds

\* measuring accuracy: 70 to 100% ±2 digits

50 to 69% ±3 digits

pulse display 1.2% or ±1 BPM

#### **Pacemaker**

\* operating modes:demand, fixed-rate

\* pacing rate: 30 to 180 BPM

\* pacing current: 0 to 200 mA (for 500 Ohms),

voltage up to 120 V

\* pulse width: 40 ms

20 ms (for pacing rate of 155 BPM and higher)

- \* pulse shape: monophase square-wave pulse
- error message "Check Electrode" when pacer output differs from set value (±20% or ±20 mA)

#### **Power**

from the power line

- \* 95 V to 240 V, 49 Hz to 65 Hz
- power consumption at 230 V
  - during monitoring 160 mA
  - during capacitor charging 750 mA
- \* from a 12-Volt power source of the emergency vehicle
- \* from exchangeable, rechargeable NiCd batteries
- rated voltage 12 V
- rated capacity 1.4 Ah
- \* battery is charged while inserted in the unit
- \* charging time for depleted battery approx. 16 hours

227 483 02-B SA(e)-98.05

#### **Servicing Instructions**

\* operating time with a fully charged battery approx. 35 defibrillation shocks of 360 joules each (into 50 ohms) or 2 hours of monitor operation (1.2 hours with pacemaker and SpO<sub>2</sub> measuring system)

#### **Operational readiness**

4 s after power up (incl. automatic selftest)

#### Operating position

any

#### **Environment**

#### Operation

under the following conditions regarded as normal:

- \* temperature between 0 and +40 °C
- \* rel. humidity between 30 and 95%, no condensation
- \* atmospheric pressure between 700 and 1060 hPa

#### Storage and transport

- \* temperature between -20 and +60 °C
- \* rel. humidity between 10 and 95%, no condensation
- \* atmospheric pressure between 500 and 1060 hPa

#### **Dimensions**

- \* width 432 mm
- \* height 172 mm
- \* depth 377 mm

#### Weight

\* approx. 8 kg (incl. battery)

### 10. Maintenance and Technical Inspection

#### **Technical Inspections**

Testing the operating and functional safety of the CardioServ is carried out according to the checklists below.

They serve the experienced technician when inspecting the instrument. A knowledge of how to operate the CardioServ in compliance with the operator's manual is assumed.

The tests are based on the calibration devices described below. Where possible, the tests should be conducted using the customer's accessories to also detect any defective accessories automatically.

Using calibration devices other than those named below may require changes in the tests and tolerance specifications.

#### 10.1 General Information

The CardioServ is an instrument with an internal power source assigned to Protection Class I and Class IIb (MPG).

The instrument is suitable for external and internal defibrillation (as well as cardioversion). The heart rate is monitored with configurable alarm limits. Upgrade options include a transcutaneous pacemaker and / or SPO2 calibration module; the latter can also be monitored.

In addition, the CardioServ VF has the following operating modes:

- manual
- semi-automatic with the option to switch over to "manual" by pressing a key
- semi-automatic with the option to switch over to "manual" with the help of an encoding module
- as a semi-automatic instrument

#### Caution!

CardioServ uses high voltage. The inspection should be referred to independent persons with adequate training and experience.

These inspections must be carried at least **once a year**.

### 10.2 Testing Equipment

ECG simulator Defitester Safety tester, e.g., NSE 1X SPO2 simulator 408 610-001 1X SPO2 SpO2 sim. Hellige circular power cord connector 223 417 01 1X Finger probe 701 240 21 1X Power cord for SpO2 sensor 303 443 58 Test adapter to measure pacing pulses 220 101 01 Dongle 303 445 15

## **Recommended Test Equipment**

- Safety Tester for measurements according to IEC 601.
- Testing connector according to the following drawings.

#### Testing connector for measuring patient leakage current

The following wiring of testing connectors is recommended for the technical inspection of module input type BF (body floating) and type CF (cardiac floating).

The catalog numbers of the Marquette Hellige components are given below.

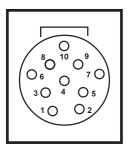
When making the connectors observe the following configurations:

The diagrams of the plug inserts in this document are always as viewed from the inside of the connector shell.

Testing connector for the temperature input

1 x	2-pin jack plug	91530000
1 x	Telephone socket or	91534800
	matching isolated plug connection for testing case	

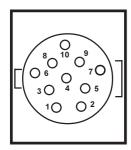
The two jack plug poles are short-circuited with one another and connected to the telephone socket.



Testing connector for ECG input

1*	Connector	91541378
10*	Contact pins	91541394
1*	Telephone socket or	91534800
	matching isolated plug connection fo	r testing case

Short-circuit all 10 contact pins with one another and connect to telephone socket.



Testing connector for SaO2 input

1*	Connector	91541871
7*	Contact pins	91541394
1 *	Telephone socket or	91534800
	matching isolated plug connection	for testing case
6*	10 kohm resistor	92184443

Connect pin 10 directly to the telephone socket. Connect pins 1,4,5,6,7,9 via 10 kohm resistor to telephone socket.

Servicing Instructions

#### Measure patient leakage current on the Defi electrodes

The patient leakage current on the Defi electrodes is measured directly on each paddle.

#### 10.3 Visual Check

Test instrument and accessories to ensure that

- fuse links have the rating proclaimed by the manufacturer
- safety labels and inscriptions on the device are clearly legible
- the mechanical condition will allow the device to be put to further use
- any soiling has no effect on safety of operation.

The defibrillator electrodes as well as handles and holder recesses must be free of any cream residue

The defibrillator electrodes, pacemaker cable, ECG cable, SPO2 cable and CardioServ power cord should be checked for any visible external damage to the insulation and strain relief.

### 10.4 Performance Check

#### 10.4.1 Power-up Test

Switch the instrument on with the energy selector switch (turn rotary switch to first position ECG).

A chessboard pattern appears on the display for about 2 seconds. A performance test follows and the software release number is displayed. If the self-test is O.K., no error message appears on the screen. When error message occurs, see page 39 "Error Codes".

### 10.4.2 Key Test

Press the F1 and F5 keys simultaneously. The configuration screen appears. By pressing the F3 and F4 keys simultaneously the key test screen appears in the self-test mode.

By pressing each key in turn, the function of the keys can be tested. The key pressed appears in the key test screen with its assigned function. This screen also provides self-test information. The self-test screen also shows the software version, its checksum and the results of the CardioServ self-test. The options built into this instrument are displayed along-side the results of the self-test, pacemaker version, VF, date, time and SPO2 version plus error status.

#### 10.4.3 Printer Test

The printer is tested in the standard mode. Check that there is some paper and press the Print key. A manual printout will then be printed out at 25 mm/s.

Using a ruler check the printout grid. In the event of a deviation, reset the motor speed (for details see p. 42 Motor Adjustment).

#### 10.4.4 Energy Test

Connect defibrillation electrodes to Defi. The paddles must be locked in place in the Defi holders

Prerequisite for the following test < energy 360 joules in 9 seconds> The Defi battery must be fully charged or the Defi must be connected to the mains with a power cord.

Switch instrument on. Switch energy selector switch to 360 joules. Energy must be available after approx. <u>9 seconds</u>. Trigger energy charge operation by pressing the <u>Charge Defi</u> key in the electrode handle.

As soon as the charge operation is complete a beep sounds. Release the defibrilla tion pulse with the **Charge Defi** key and the **Defib** key within the next 30 s.

The values (tolerance range) for the energy released is given in the table below.

If an energy adjustment proves necessary, use the adjustment instructions given in the Servicing Instructions Manual. (Please refer to p 46 Energy Adjustment)

Energy selected	Energy available/released in CardioServ display	Energy released in joulemeter
2	1-3	1-3
5	4-6	4-6
7	6-8	6-8
10	8-12	8-12
20	18-22	18-22
30	28-32	27-33
50	45-55	45-55
70	65-75	63-77
100	95-105	92-108
150	145-155	140-160
200	190-210	188-212
300	290-310	285-315
360	350-370	340-380

### 10.4.5 Pacemaker Test (Without pacemaker testing adapter)

Caution: During the pacemaker test the energy selector switch may be set to the ECG position only. Do not actuate the Defib and Charge keys.

Connect trunk cable for disposable adhesive defibrillation electrodes Part No. 223 346 01 to the Defi.

Short-circuit middle contacts 2 and 3.

Connect 500 ohm resistor between contacts 1 and 4.

Switch pacemaker on Defi on and select operating mode Fix.

Using the +mA; -mA key select any pulse amperage.

Using the +P/min; -P/min key select any frequency.

Pulse width Demand, Fix: 40 ms > 155 P/min 20 ms

Using the oscilloscope measure the drop in voltage across the measuring resistor.

Calculate pulse amperage according to Ohm's Law I = U/R (Pulse amperage = measured voltage / measuring resistor 500 ohms).

Calculated pulse amperage must correspond to setting in Defi display. Error message "Check electrodes" appears when pulse current deviates from configured value (± 20% or ± 20 mA)

Switch pacemaker on Defi on and select operating mode Demand.

Using the +mA; -mA key select any pulse amperage.

Using the +P/min; -P/min key select frequency of 60 pulses.

Using the ECG simulator set frequency to below 60 pulses. The pacemaker pulses should be measured as described above.

Using the ECG simulator set frequency to above 60 pulses. In this case the pacemaker will be reset. The pacemaker pulses do not need to be measured.

#### Servicing Instructions

#### 10.4.6 Pacemaker Test (with Marquette Hellige testing adapter)

The Marquette Hellige testing adapter offers two possibilities for pacemaker testing.

- 1. Pacing pulse detection via LED
- 2. Pacing pulse measurement with an oscilloscope.

Caution: During the pacemaker test the energy selector switch may be set to the ECG position only. Do not actuate the Defib and Charge keys.

Connect testing adapter to CardioServ.

Switch pacemaker on Defi on and select operating mode Fix.

Using the +mA; -mA key select any pulse amperage.

Using the +P/min; -P/min key select any frequency.

Pulse width Demand, Fix: 40 ms > 155 P/min 20 ms

Using the oscilloscope measure the drop in voltage across the measuring resistor.

Calculate pulse amperage according to Ohm's Law I = U/R (Pulse amperage = measured voltage / measuring resistor 500 ohms).

Calculated pulse amperage must correspond to setting in Defi display. Error message "Check electrodes" appears when pulse current deviates from configured value (± 20% or ± 20 mA)

Switch pacemaker on Defi on and select **operating mode Demand**.

Using the +mA; -mA key select any pulse amperage.

Using the +P/min; -P/min key select frequency of 60 pulses.

Using the ECG simulator set frequency to below 60 pulses. The pacemakerpulses should be measured as described above.

Using the ECG simulator set frequency to above 60 pulses. In this case the pacemaker will be reset. The pacemaker pulses do not need to be measured.

Servicing Instructions

#### 10.4.7 SPO2 Performance Check

Connect SPO2 power cord 701 240 31 to a SPO2 probe on the Defi.

Since there is no affordable SPO2 simulator currently available, the SPO2 test should be performed by the tester himself.

Connect finger probe to test subject (tester). The SPO2 readings and the plethysmogram appear after a few seconds.

#### Simulator settings

Test the SpO2 parameter with the Marquette SpO2 simulator as follows:

- Switch simulator power switch to off.
- Connect connector cable up between simulator and CardioServ monitor.
- Set SpO2 to 95.5% using the white Nellcor scale.
- Set pulse rate to 100 bpm.
- Select mode on Nellcor.
- Activate power switch.

#### **Monitor settings on CardioServ**

Activate pulse frequency display by pressing F5 (next), followed by switching to (HR Source Pulse) with F1 (HR Source Pulse).

#### Displaying waveforms and parameter readings

- A sine wave SpO2 waveform should appear on the screen.
- An SpO2 parameter reading of 92%-95% should be displayed.
- The pulse rate displayed should lie between 96 and 104 bpm.

#### Testing display accuracy of SpO2 and pulse rate

Check displayed values on the LCD screen using the following simulator settings:

Simulator value SpO2	Value displayed
95.5%	92% - 99%
90.6%	87% - 94%
85.5%	82% - 89%
Simulator value pulse rate	Value displayed
70 bpm	66 bpm - 74 bpm
100 bpm	96 bpm - 104 bpm
160 bpm	155 bpm - 165 bpm

Activate interference test on the simulator by pressing key and keep it pressed, the SpO2 value must remain displayed on the screen.

Disconnect the SpO2 plug from the monitor. The message "No Sensor" appears, accompanied by an intermittent audible alarm signal, provided the alarm is enabled.

Press (F4) button, alarm is silenced.

Connect up finger probe and check it is working correctly.

#### 10.4.8 ECG Test

Connect the electrode cable to the Defi. Use a standard ECG signal generator to generate ECG signals. Use either a 3-lead trunk cable 223 287 01 or a 5-lead trunk cable 223 400 11.

Switch Defi to monitor mode. The ECG and the heart rate adjusted on the ECG simulator appear on the display. The upper and lower limits should be tested to ensure they are enabled. The error messages when electrodes become detached should also be checked. The error message <**Electrode error**> appears on the left-hand side of the display. It is important to ensure that the ECG lead is selected so that the corresponding electrode is tested. In the case of the paddles lead the error message <**Electrode error**> appears on the screen when the paddles are taken out of their holders on the CardioServ.

#### 10.4.9 Cardioversion Test

Connect the electrode cable to the Defi. Use a standard ECG signal generator to generate signals. Use either a 3-lead trunk cable 223 287 01 or a 5-lead trunk cable 223 400 11.

Set energy selector switch to any energy setting. Actuate SYNC key on the Defi. The SYNC function should now appear in the display. Defi paddles are locked into place in the CardioServ holder.

Charge energy by pressing the <u>Charge Defib</u> key. After charging is complete actuate <u>Charge Defib</u> and <u>Trigger Defib</u> keys. Triggering is effected by the Zpeak of the beat. Afterwards, the function Cardioversion is automatically reset.

#### 10. 4.10 Option Socket Input Test

The option socket input can be tested with the dongle No. 303 445 15 in the configuration. If you can enable the operating mode Semi-automatic/Dongle in the configuration (press F1 and F5 keys simultaneously) of semi-automatic defibrillators, this indicates that this function is O.K. Furthermore, the 1-volt ECG signal is still available at this option socket input. With an incoming ECG signal this can be measured with the oscilloscope.

### 10.5 Battery

A battery charge check can only be performed in the battery service unit Part No. 101 128 01. This tests takes at least 2 hours, max. 3 hours. The service manual for the battery service unit can be ordered under Part No. 227 454 77.

If no battery service unit is available, the battery should be replaced every 2 years.

#### **Battery Maintenance**

Proper maintenance of NiCd batteries is essential and considerably promotes their proper performance. Routine preventive maintenance should be carried out by qualified service technicians on a regular basis (recommended interval: 30 days). If batteries are repeatedly partially discharged, the resulting "memory effect" max dramatically reduce the battery capacity.

This effect can be efficiently minimzied by regular conditioning. If the capacity of a relatively new battery is drastically reduced, the battery max be reconditioned by repeated charging and discharging.

Monthly Battery Maintenance (Conditioning) and Checks

- Disconnect CardioServ from the power line and discharge fully charged battery in the monitoring mode. To do so, set energy selector switch to (SpO<sub>2</sub> sensor not connected) and wait until device switches off.
- 2. Check how long it takes before battery is depleted. If the time is less than 1.8 hours, the battery is too old or improperly maintained and should be replaced.
- 3. Recharge the battery. This will take 16 hours.

Rechargeable batteries require special maintenance and continued checks to assure they function in emergency situations. It is normal for batteries of this type to selfdischarge when not in use.

### 11. Safety Analysis Test

#### 11.1. General introduction

The suggested Safety Analysis Tests refer to the international standard IEC 601-1.

The tests are generally performed with Safety Testers, on most of them, the measuring circuits according IEC 601 are already implemented.

The following is a general description of the tests to be performed. For the handling of your Safety Tester follow the user manual.

The tests may be performed under normal ambient conditions of temperature, humidity and pressure and with line voltage.

The leakage currents correspond to 110 % of rated voltage for the tested unit. Most Safety Testers take this into account,

otherwise the measured values have to be calculated.

#### 11.2 Recommended Test Equipment

- Safety Tester for measurements according to IEC 601.
- Testing connector according to the following description.

#### 11.3 Protective Earth Resistance Test

The power cord is to be included in the protective earth resistance test.

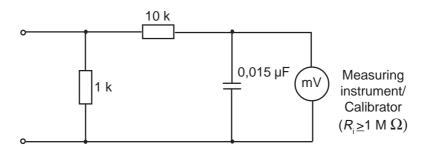
This test determines whether the device has a power ground fault.

- The protective earth resistance from power connector to any protective earth connected exposed conductive part is measured.
- Specs. of test circuit: AC current source 50 Hz/60 Hz of at least 10 A up to 25 A with limited output voltage of 6 V.
- If resistance is greater than 100 mOhm, the unit fails this test.

#### 11.3.1 Leakage Current Measurement

To perform the suggested measurements, the unit under test has to be separated from any interconnection to a system. If the unit is part of a system, extended tests according to IEC 601-1-1 have to be performed. The following diagram shows the

Measuring Circuit [M] required for leakage current. The reading in mV corresponds to  $\mu A$  (leakage current). The Safety Testers generally work with this Measuring Circuit [M] and the displayed values are already converted to leakage current.



#### 11.3.2 Enclosure Leakage Current Test

This test is performed to measure leakage current from chassis to ground during normal conditions (N.C.) and single fault conditions (S.F.C.).

In all cases, the leakage current is measured from any exposed conductive parts to ground, the unit under test has to be switched on and off.

Connect the unit under test to your Safety Tester.

- During normal conditions (N.C.), referring to the electrical diagram, measurements have to be done under the following conditions:

\* Polarity switch
\* GND switch
\* S1
Norm and RVS
GND closed
closed and open

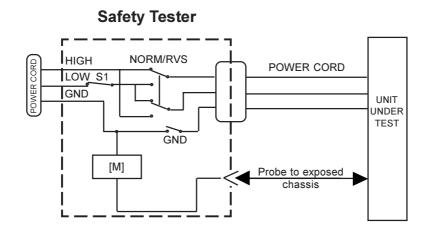
- During single fault conditions (S.F.C.), referring to the electrical diagram, the measurements have to be done under the following conditions:
- \* Polarity switch NORM and RVS
  \* GND switch GND open
  \* S1 closed

Test has failed if the measured values are greater than:

N.C. S.F.C 100 μA 500 μA

300 μA (U.L. requirements)

#### **Electrical Diagram for Enclosure Leakage Current Test**



### 11.3.3 Patient Leakage Current Test

This test performs a leakage current test under single fault conditions (S.F.C.) depending on domestic power outlet with 115 or 230 V AC as source into the floating inputs.

The following signals have a separate floating input and have to be tested separately.

ECG from ECG Input socket ECG from Paddels SPO<sub>2</sub>

In all cases, the leakage current is measured from input jack of unit under test to ground. The measurement ground point is the left-hand contact on the underside of the CardioServ.

For testing the floating ECG input, a patient cable, with all leads connected together, is used.

For testing the floating input from Paddles, the test is measured on each Defipaddles.

For testing the floating input from SPO<sub>2</sub>, test plugs are used.

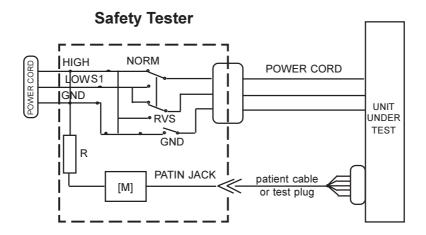
Connect the unit under test to your Safety Tester.

- Referring to the electrical diagram, measurements have to be done under the following conditions:
- \* Polarity switch NORM and RVS
  \* GND switch GND closed
  \* S1 closed

Test has failed if the measured values are greater than **50**  $\mu$ **A** at ECG Input and SPO2 Input.

Test has failed if the measured values are greater than 100 μA at Defipaddles.

#### **Electrical Diagram for Patient Leakage Current Test**



For protection of the test person, the following values of resistor R may be used:

Typ BF	22 kOhm (120 to 130 V)
	47 kOhm (220 to 240 V)
Typ CF	100 kOhm (220 to 240 V)

## 12. Spare Parts Lists

CardioServ VF Version 4.x CardioServ Version 4.x

#### **Operation Manuals**

227 453 03	Servicing Instructions	
227 446 21 227 446 22 227 446 23 227 446 25 227 446 26 227 446 28	Operating Manual german Operating Manual engl. Operating Manual fren. Operating Manual ital. Operating Manual span. Operating Manual russ.	CardioServ VF CardioServ VF CardioServ VF CardioServ VF CardioServ VF
227 446 29	Operating Manual ital.	Esaote VF

#### **Defi Paddles**

217 304 03	Defibrillation Electrode, external, with recorder start, for CardioServ
217 308 01	Electrode Lead f.Defi-El."internal" without contact insert, for SCP 913
926 074 97	Handle

### **Keypads VF**

390 001 52	Keypad with Pacemaker ESAOTE/international
390 001 68	Keypad without pacemaker ESAOTE/international
390 001 62	Keypad with pacemaker USA
390 001 69	Keypad without pacemaker USA

#### Keypads manual

390 001 56	Keypad without pacemaker, international
390 001 57	Keypad with pacemaker, international
390 001 58	Keypad without pacemaker ESAOTE
390 001 59	Keypad with pacemaker ESAOTE
390 001 60	Keypad without pacemaker USA
390 001 61	Keypad with pacemaker USA

#### Recorder

384 015 81	Exchange Recorder preman. f. CardioServ
303 439 76	Thermal printhead
303 434 78	Transportation roller
918 083 49	Motor 18 V~

<u> </u>	
Sanuaina	Inctructions
Servicina	Instructions

Gear 10 mm diameter
Gear 24 mm diameter
Gear 40 mm diameter
Pcb. Motor
Flap, Recorder
Sticker in Flap

#### Printed circuit boards for Version 4.x

303 445 43	Pcb. Analog	(389 004 22)
389 004 22	Exchange Pcb. Analog	(303 445 43)
388 032 53	Pcb.Digital without pacemaker	(389 004 22)
389 004 26	Exchange Pcb.Digital without pacemaker	(388 032 53)
388 032 06	Pcb.Digital with pacemaker	(389 004 26)
389 004 25	Exchange Pcb.Digital with pacemaker	(388 032 06)
930 117 26	Pcb. SPO2	
303 445 32	Speaker	
903 449 88	Capacitor	

### Housing

303 445 14 303 445 22 430 519 28 430 519 29 430 519 30 430 519 31 430 519 32	Upper shell VF Upper shell USA VF Sticker operation information englih Sticker operation information french Sticker operation information italia Sticker operation information spanish Sticker operation information russian
303 442 85 303 443 61 303 444 46 430 517 93 430 517 94 430 518 09 430 518 10 430 518 11	Upper shell Upper shell Esaote Upper shell USA Sticker "operation information", engl Sticker "operation information", fren Sticker "operation information", ital Sticker "operation information" spani Sticker "operation information" russi
432 522 08 430 518 05 430 518 06 430 518 07 430 518 12	Lower Shell Sticker "Attention, high voltage" Sticker "Attention, high voltage" Sticker "Attention, high voltage" Sticker "Attention high voltage"

## CardioServ V.4

## Servicing Instructions

430 518 13	Sticker "Attention high voltage"
430 518 14	Sticker "Attention high voltage"
504 657 54	Contact —> Station
432 522 27	latch
432 522 35	Filler Plug
924 017 22	Foot
482 035 19	Knob for energy selector
482 035 21	Knob for energy selector (Esaote)
923 096 69	Mounting Base
829 074 11	Scotch mount, white

## In-/Output connector

303 442 99	ECG Inputconnector completely wired for CardioServ
303 443 57	SPO2 Inputconnector kompletely wired for CardioServ
303 445 17	Inputconnector option Dongle
303 444 16	Electrode coupling for paddles
915 417 95	Mains plug, 3 wire
303 444 22	Charge Socket for 12 V (Option)
841 202 28	Screw
803 083 02	Nut
804 177 06	Washer

## **Power supply**

930 117 97	Switching power supplies
908 122 28	Fuse block
912 084 53	Fuse fast 5.0A UL
303 440 30	Battery Pack for SCP 910/913/915/922
	12 V / 1,2 Ah

## **LCD Display**

930 117 17 LCD Graphic Display

### **Ambulance Holder for CardioServ**

504 658 18	Case
504 658 21	Insulating Device
416 118 28	CONTACT SPRING
504 658 23	Recording Upper
427 338 70	BOLT
504 658 22	Recording Lower
504 658 20	Handle

# CardioServ V.4 Servicing Instructions

402 236 14	SOCKET
914 326 43	Pushbuttom switch
427 338 69	ROD
388 011 38	Pcb. 12 V- option

## CardioServ V.4 Servicing Instructions

## 13. Accessories: Car holder

#### CardioServ Car-Holder 202 307 01

The car-holder secures the CardioServ during ambulance transport. In this holder the CardioServ is supplied with power from the 12-volt ambulance power supply system.

### CardioServ Wall Holder 202 307 02

The wall holder secures the CardioServ when not in use. It is identical to the car-holder, except that it does not have any electronics to charge the battery or supply power to the device.

### CardioServ Charging Unit 205 106 01

The charging unit serves to supply power in the CardioServ during vehicle transport. The CardioServ is supplied with power from the 12-volt vehicle power supply system. Using this charging unit requires equipping the CardioServ with the charging socket 303 444 22.

### Installation Instructions for the CardioServ Mounting System 202 307 01

- \* First of all, connect the mounting system to the 12-V power supply system of the ambulance (cable aperture on the underside of the mounting system, see terminal diagram).
- \* Connect the positive terminal (+12 V) to the free contact of the fuse holder (4.8-mm sleeve enclosed).

Connect earth (0 V) to the corresponding contact of the terminal block (4.8-mm sleeve enclosed). Please use the enclosed adhesive fastening base and the cable tie to fix the connection cables.

Observe the following points when connecting the mounting system:

- the negative terminal of the ambulance power supply must be connected to earth,
- the positive lead must be protected with a 10 Amp fuse (slow blow) and
- the lead diameter must be adequate.
- \* The mounting system has 4 bore holes both at the top and bottom edges, allowing it to be mounted to the ambulance in a vertical or horizontal position (take care that the mounting system is flush against the wall of ambulance; in the vertical position the wider part with the cable aperture must face down!) (see Fig. 1).

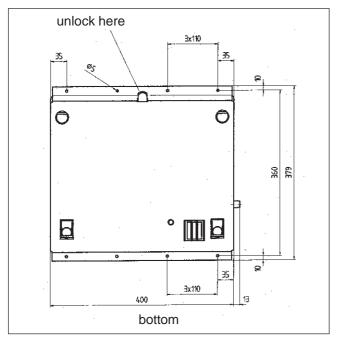


Figure 1

- \* Replace the 4 rubber feet of **CardioServ** with the metal feet enclosed. When screwing down the metal feet, please note that they have a recess on one side for the screw head.
- \* Use the appropriate type of screws for attachment of the metal feet: If the CardioServ unit is equipped with metal bushings, please use the fillister head screws DIN 912 M 4 x 12; if there is no metal bushing but only a hole, please use Plastite screws 4 x 16.
- \* Please be sure to use the red feet (angular groove) at the bottom, i.e., on the side with the contacts. (See Fig. 2).

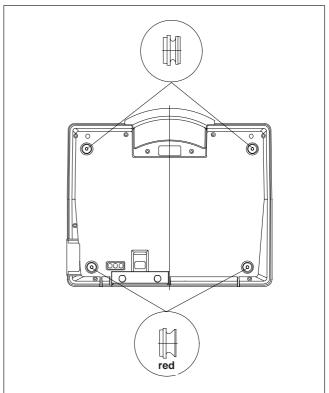
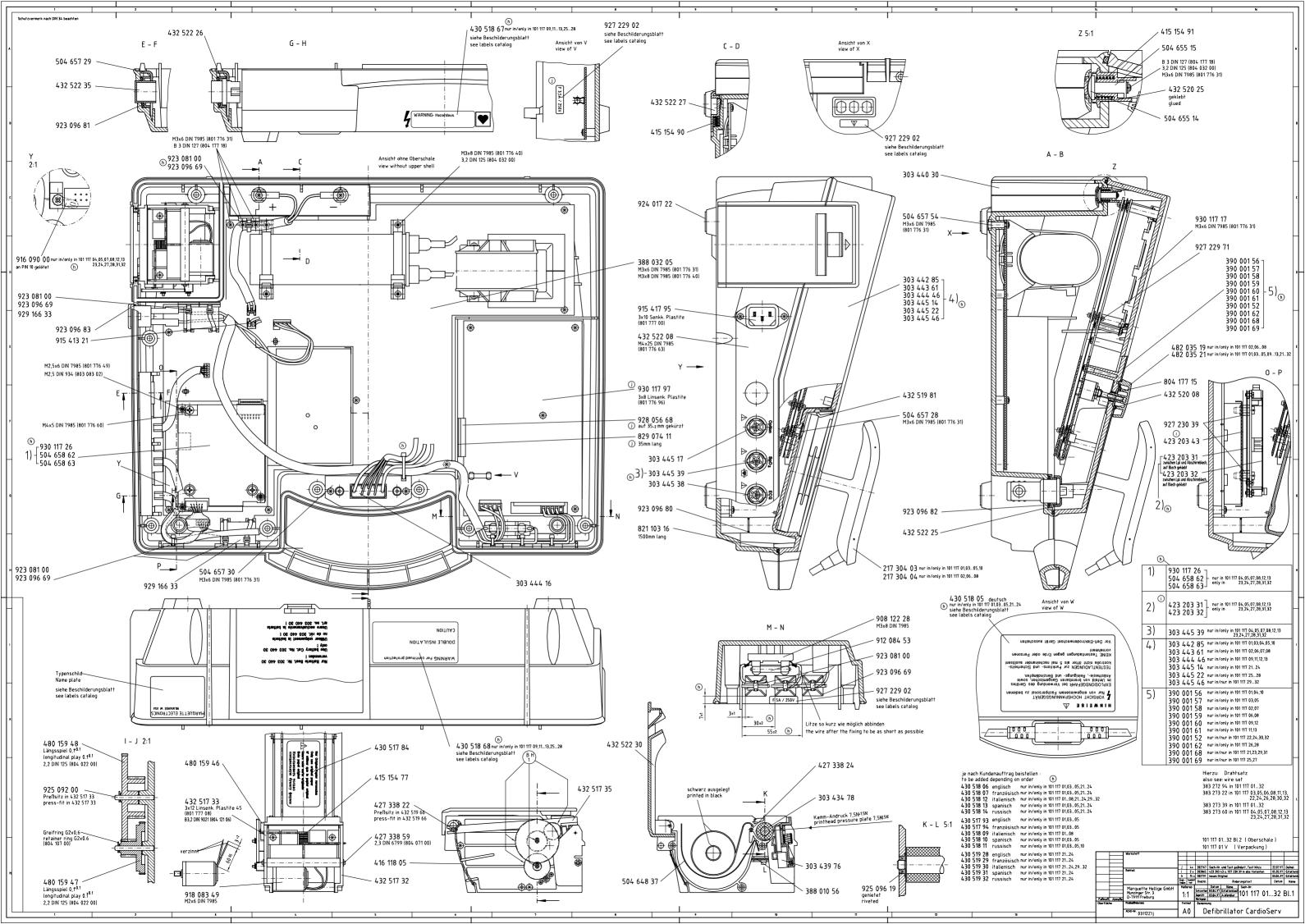
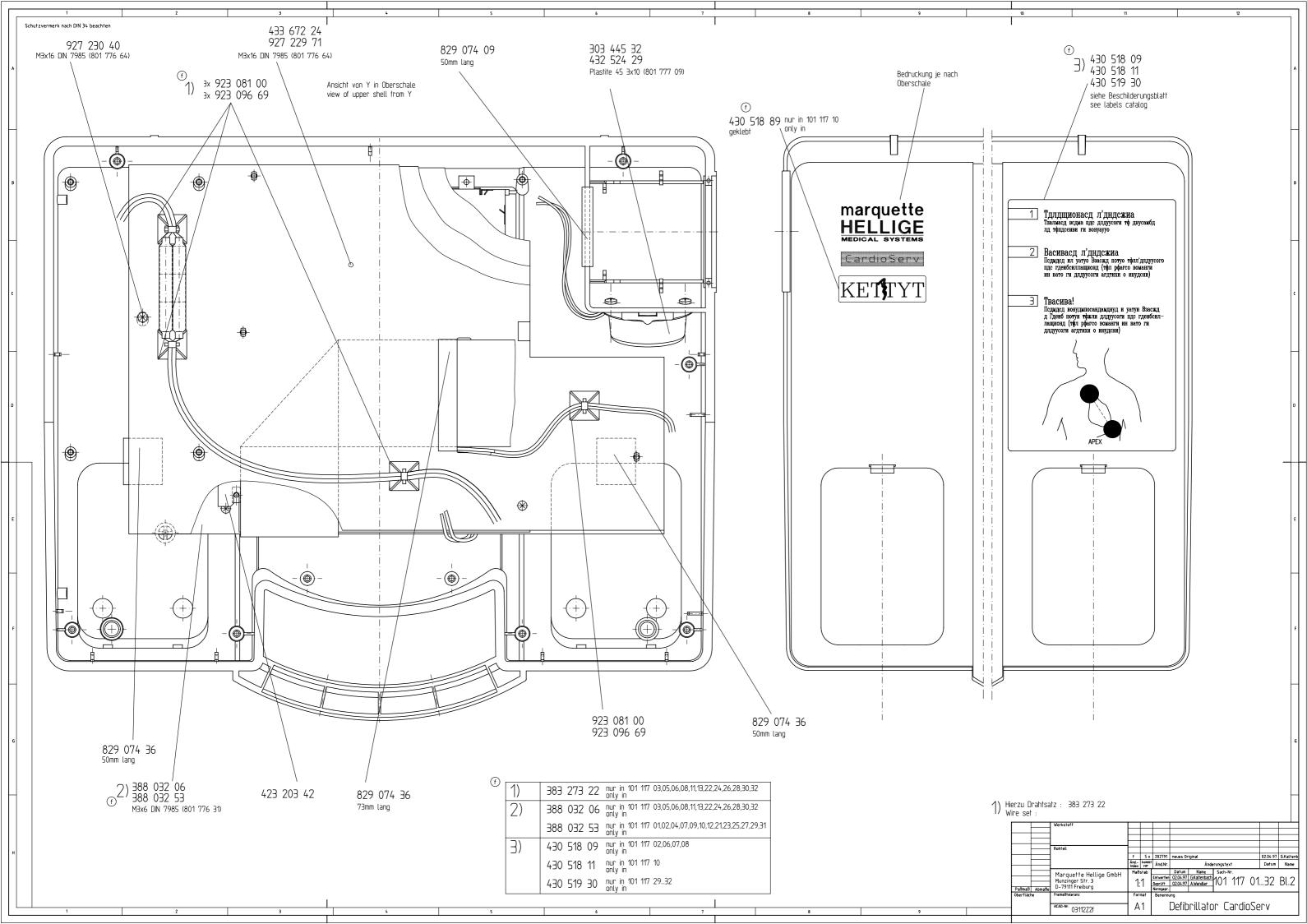
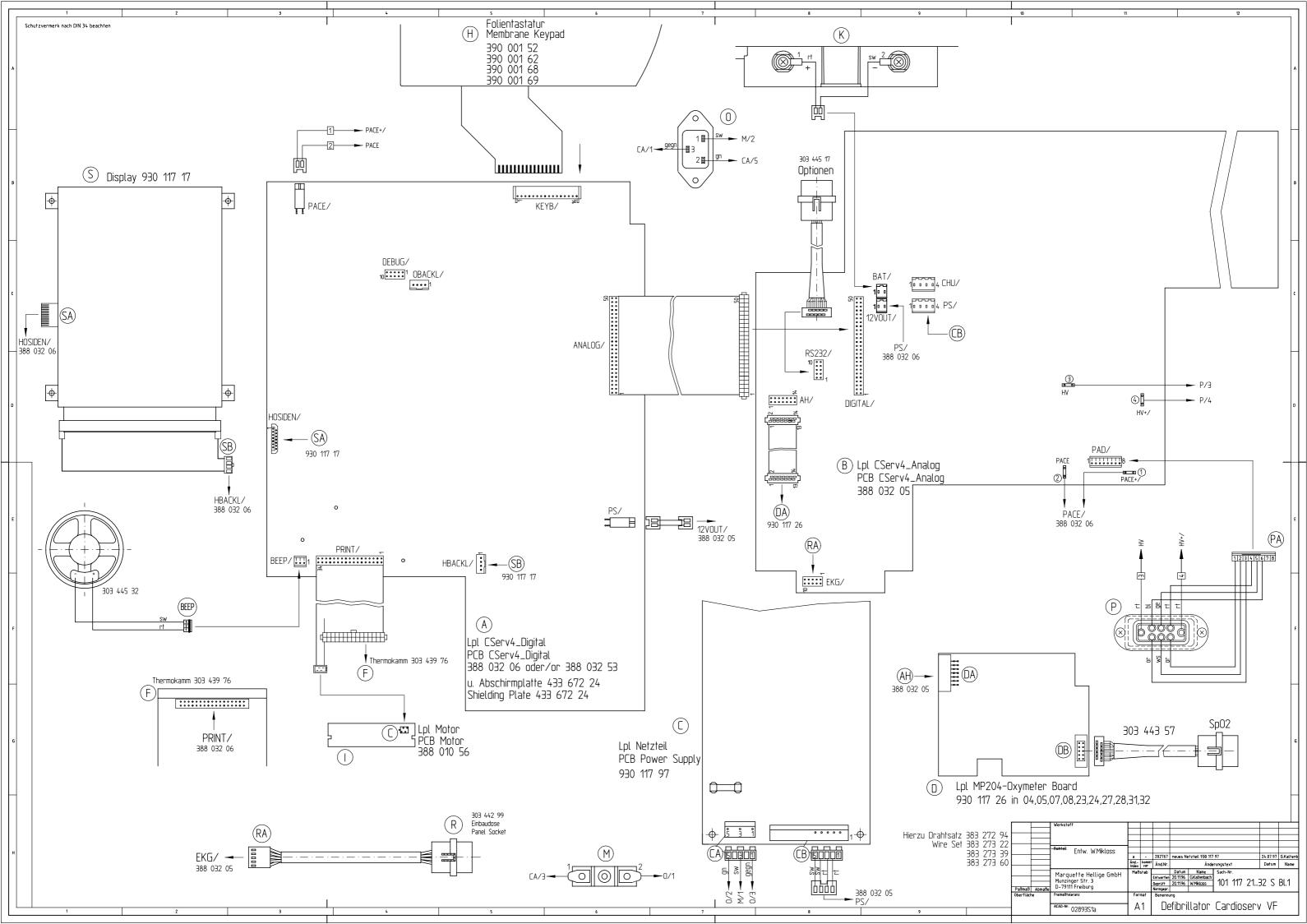


Figure 2

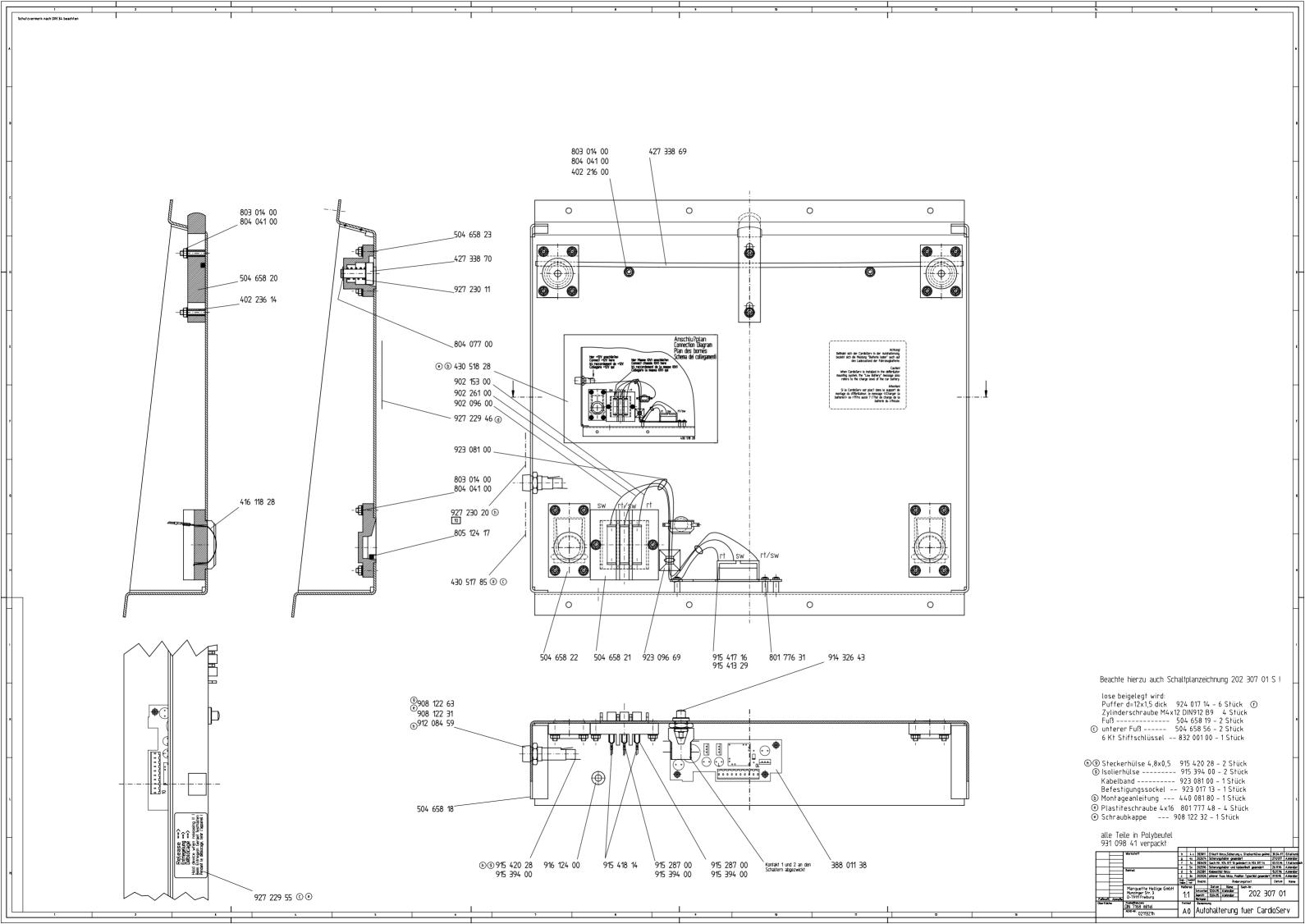
- \* If required, you may attach the enclosed rubber feet on top of the metal feet.
- \* Mount the **CardioServ** by first inserting the feet at the bottom, then by introducing the feet at the top.
- \* To remove the device press on the latches (top center).

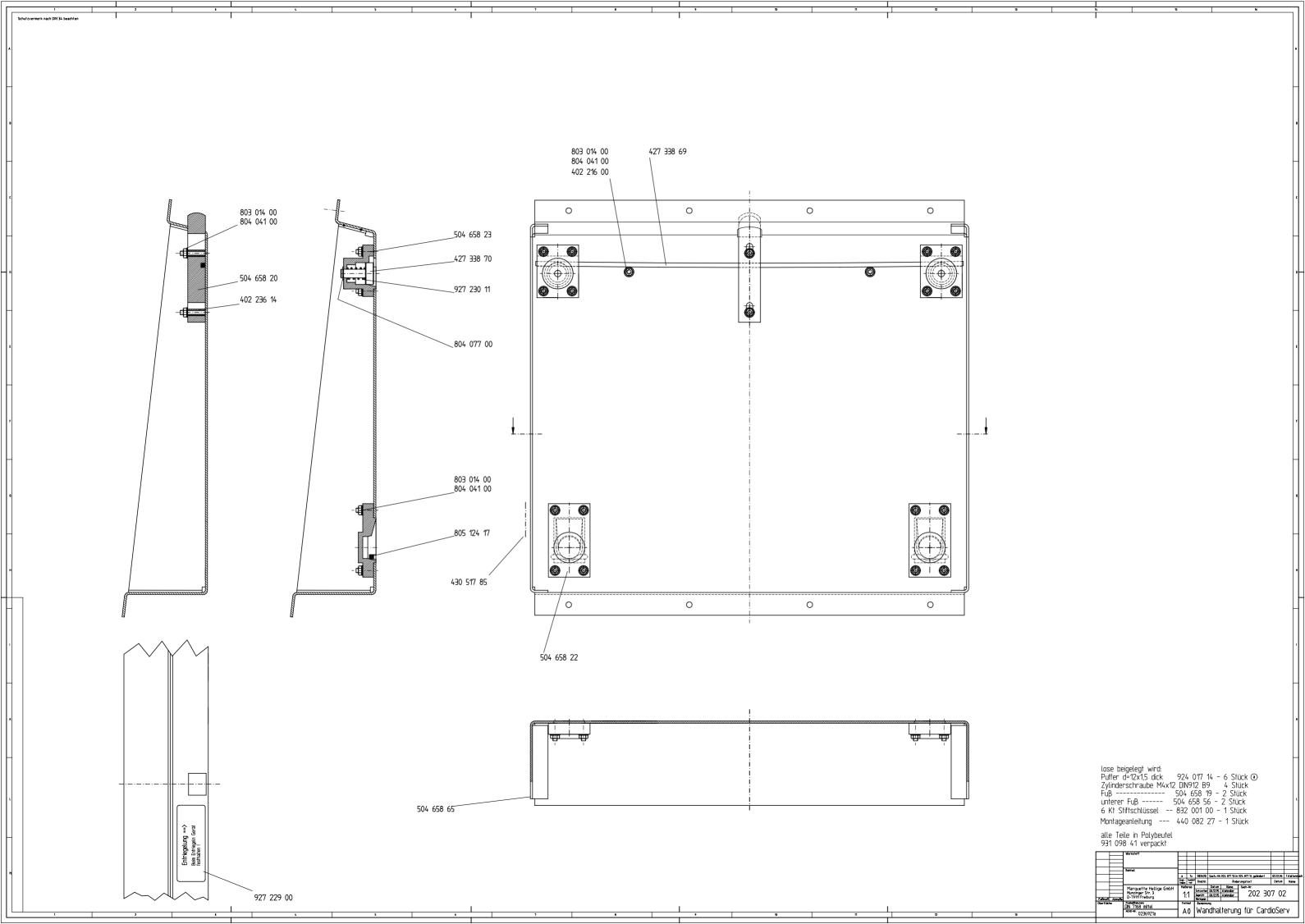


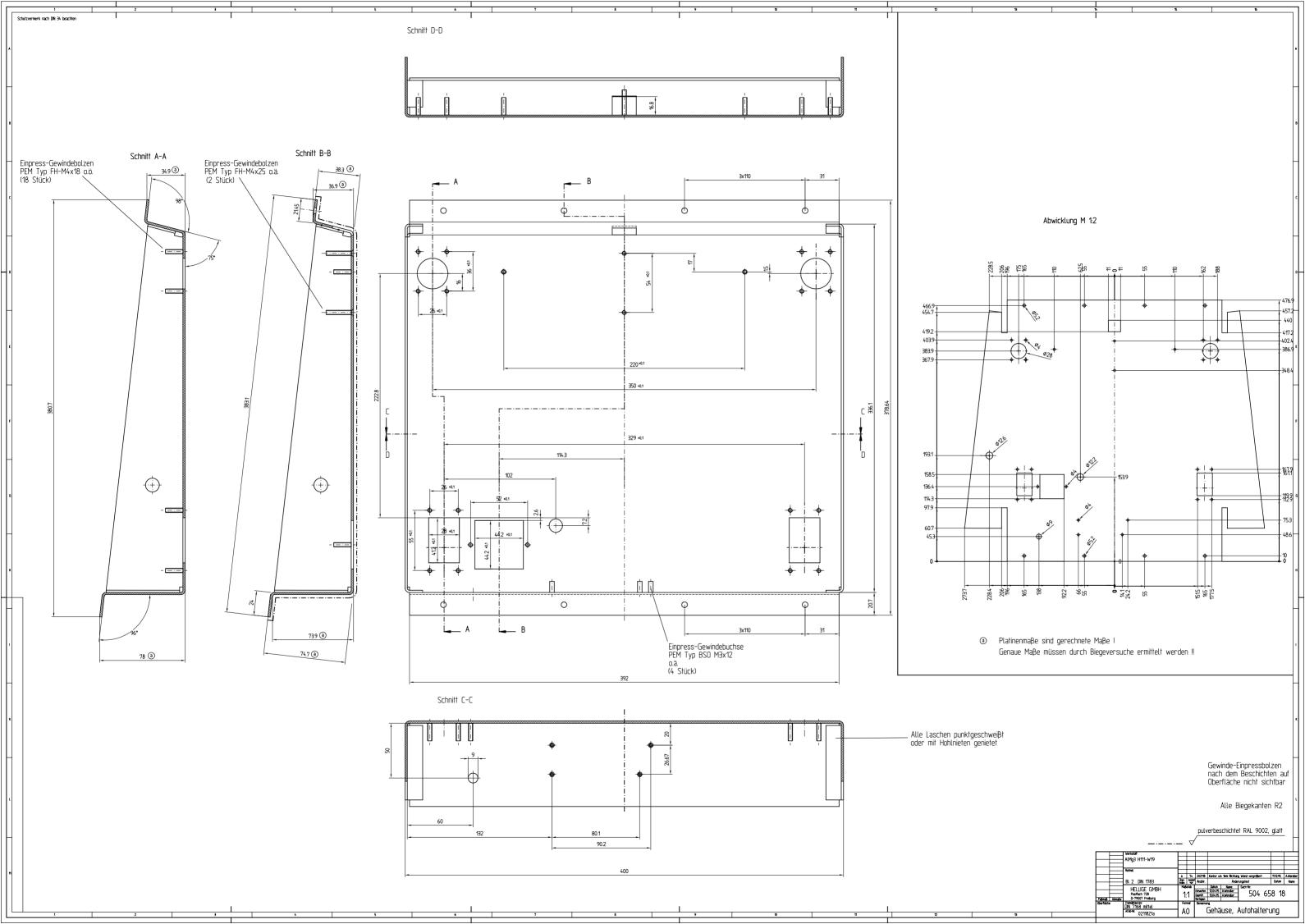


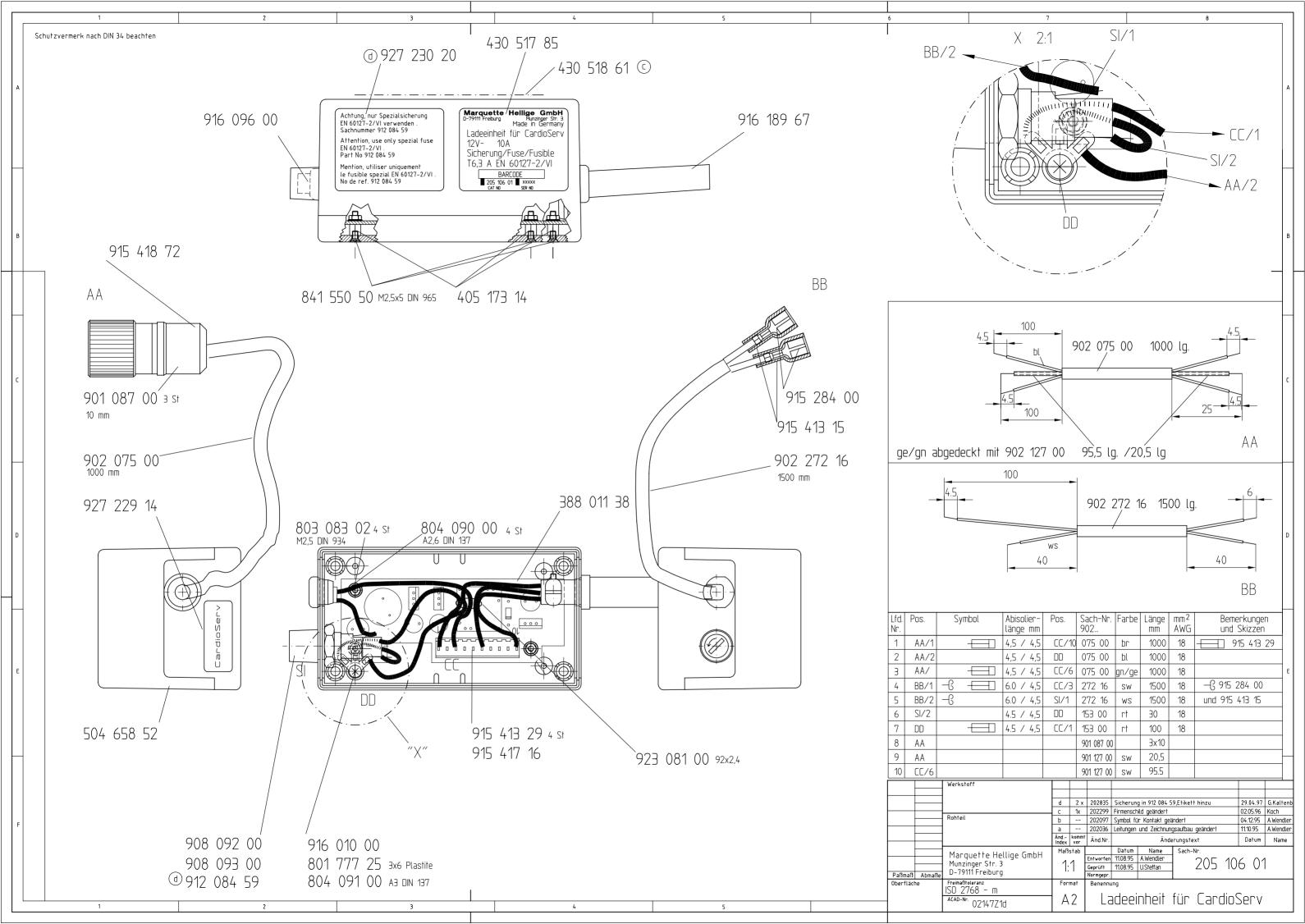


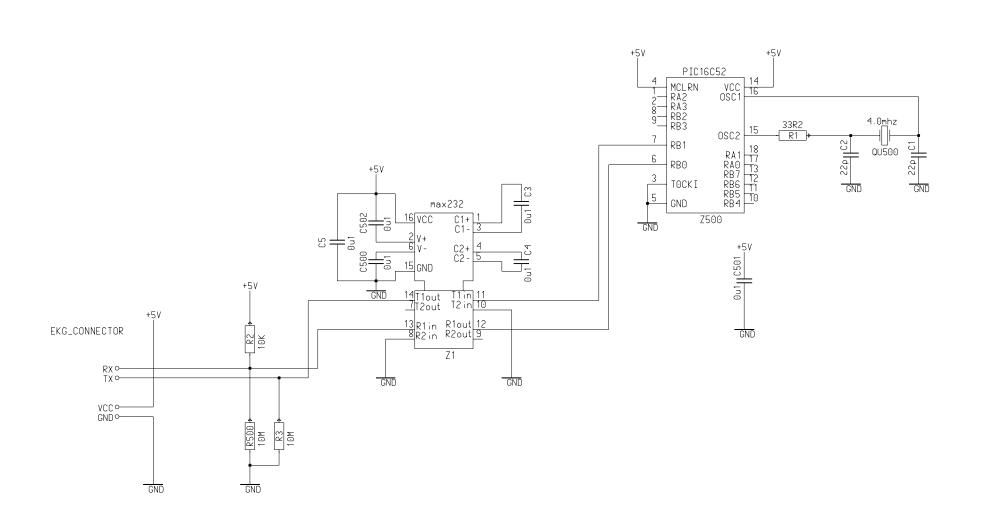
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В	Digital	Lpl. Digital Ersatzteil-N Austausch		PCB Digi Spare P Replacer	art No.	388 032 - 	2 53	G	B4,F		21,23,25	5,27,29,3	1 V4.	.11
	Analog	Lpl. Analog Ersatzteil-N Austausch I		PCB Ana Spare P Replacer	art No.	388 032 - 	2 05	E	D1,D <i>2</i>	2	21Ξ	32		
		Lpl - MP 2 Ersatzteil-N Austausch	lr. Nr.	PCB - N Spare P Replacer	art No. ment No.			С	В		23,2	24,27,28,3	31,32	
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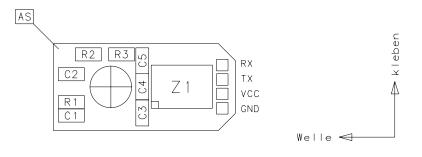


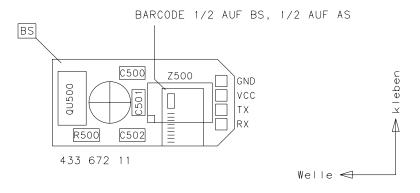
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1)						Date / Name	l LPL	DEFI HWDONGLE	
2)					DRAWN	21.03.96/SNA		_	
3)					APPROVED	11.07.96/SNA	DCD	DEEL LIMPONOLE	
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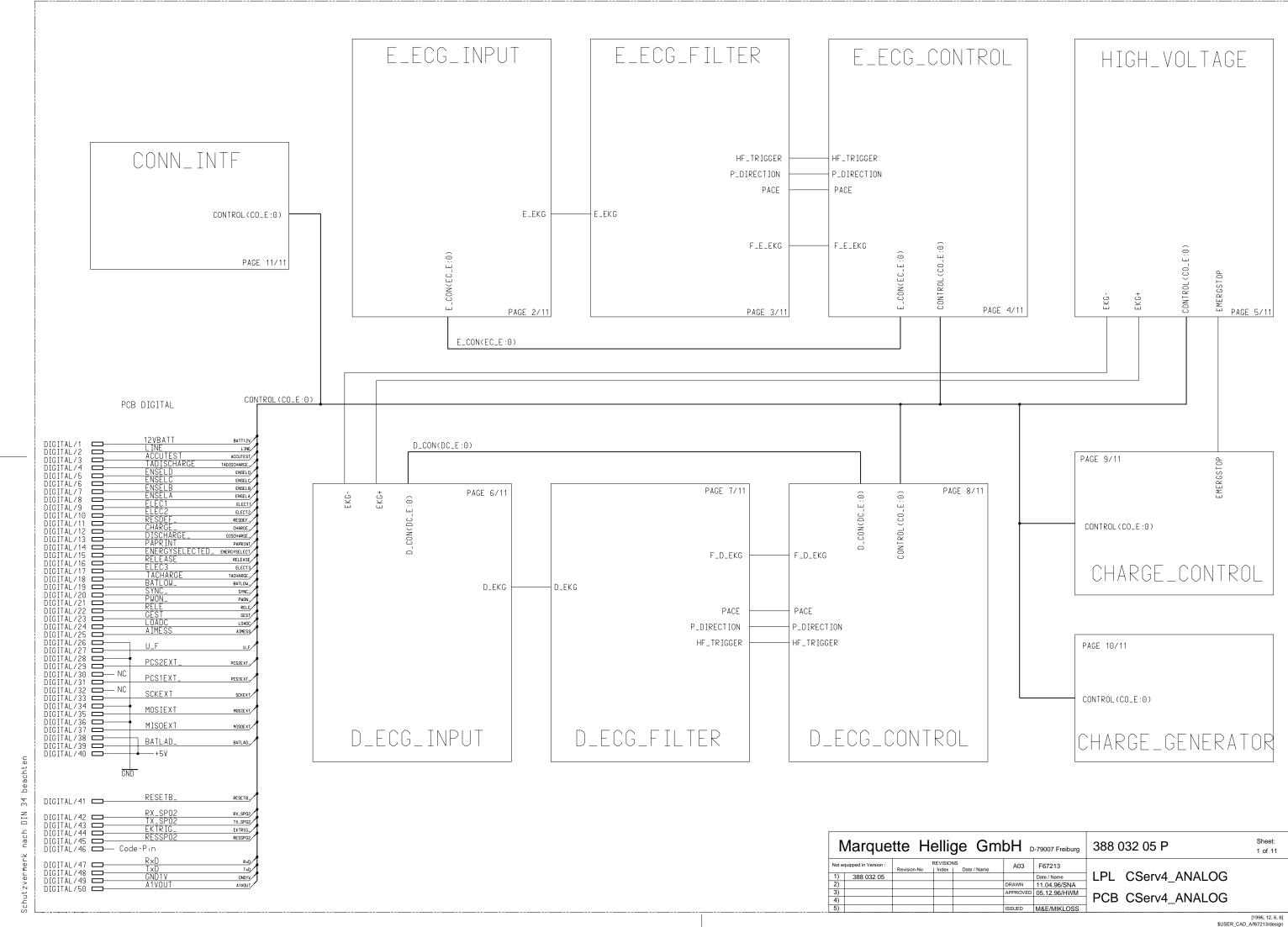
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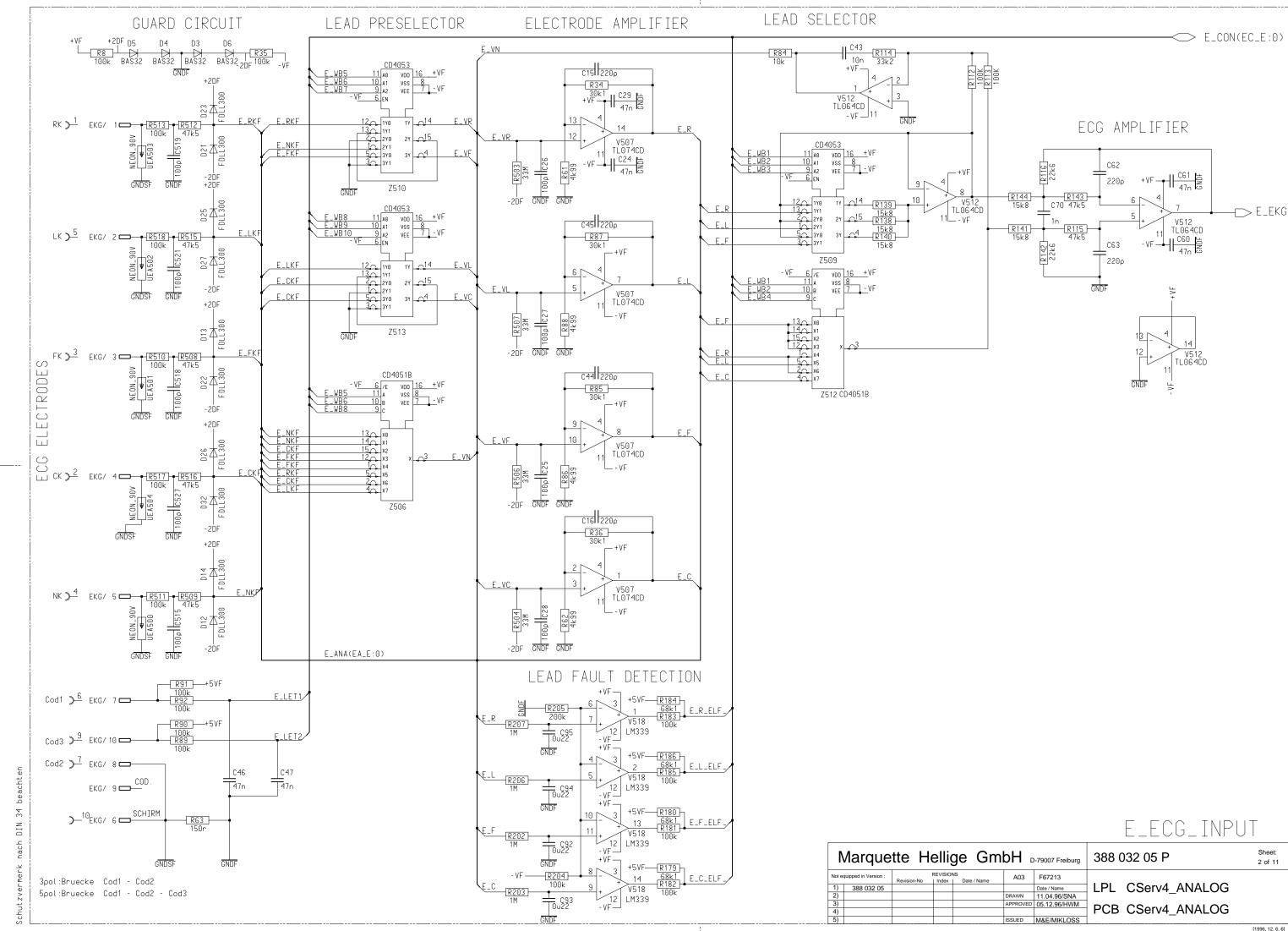
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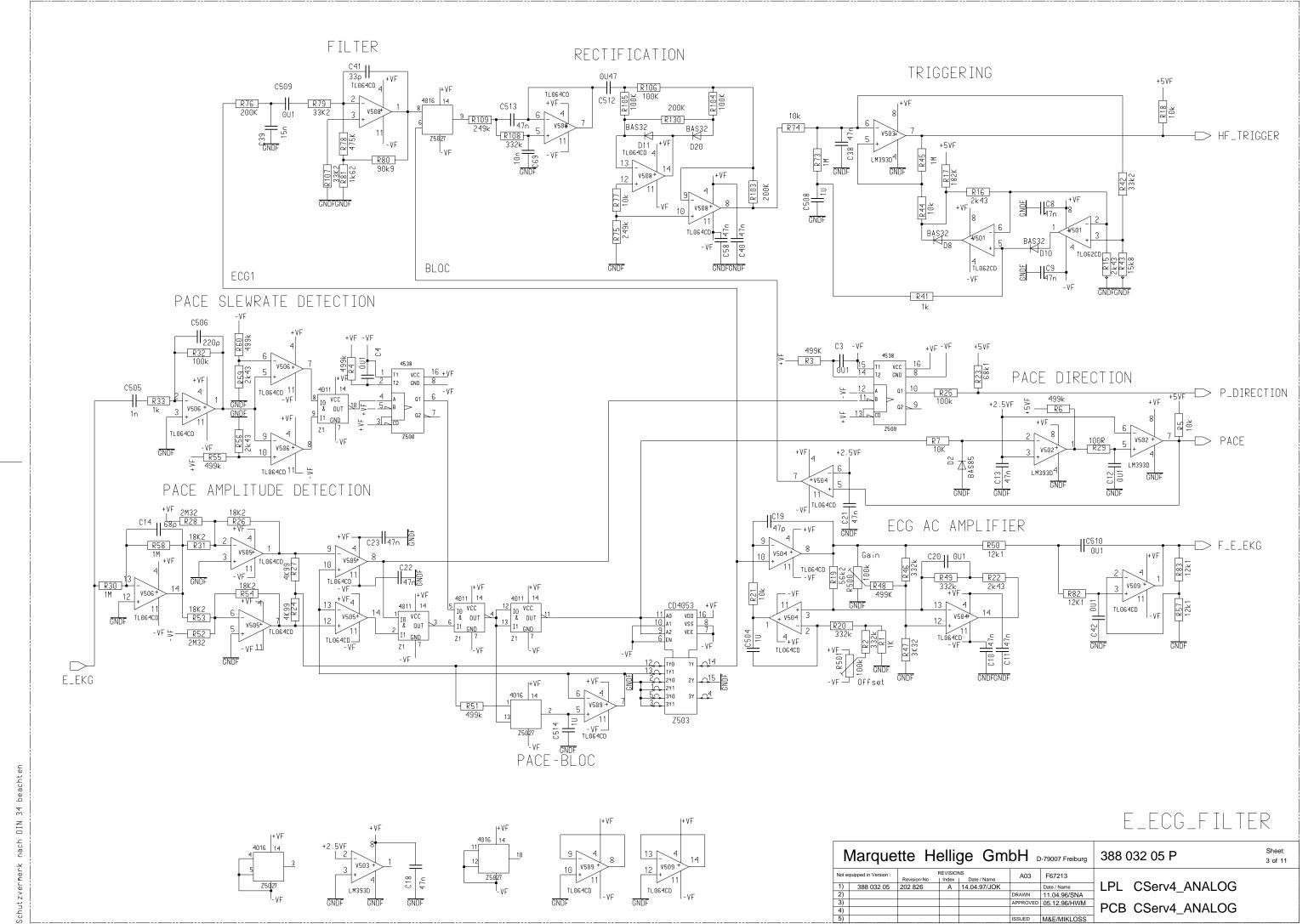




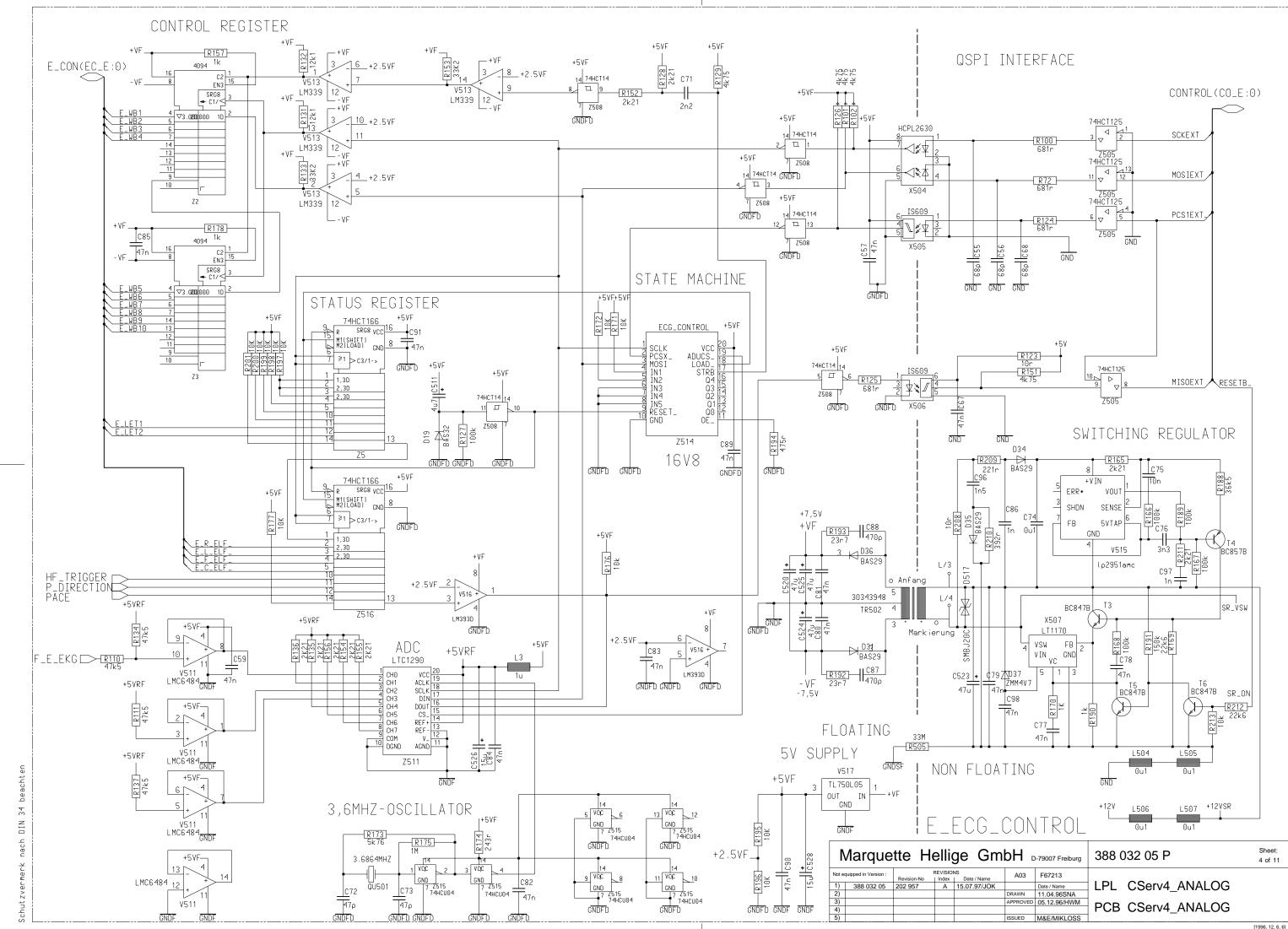
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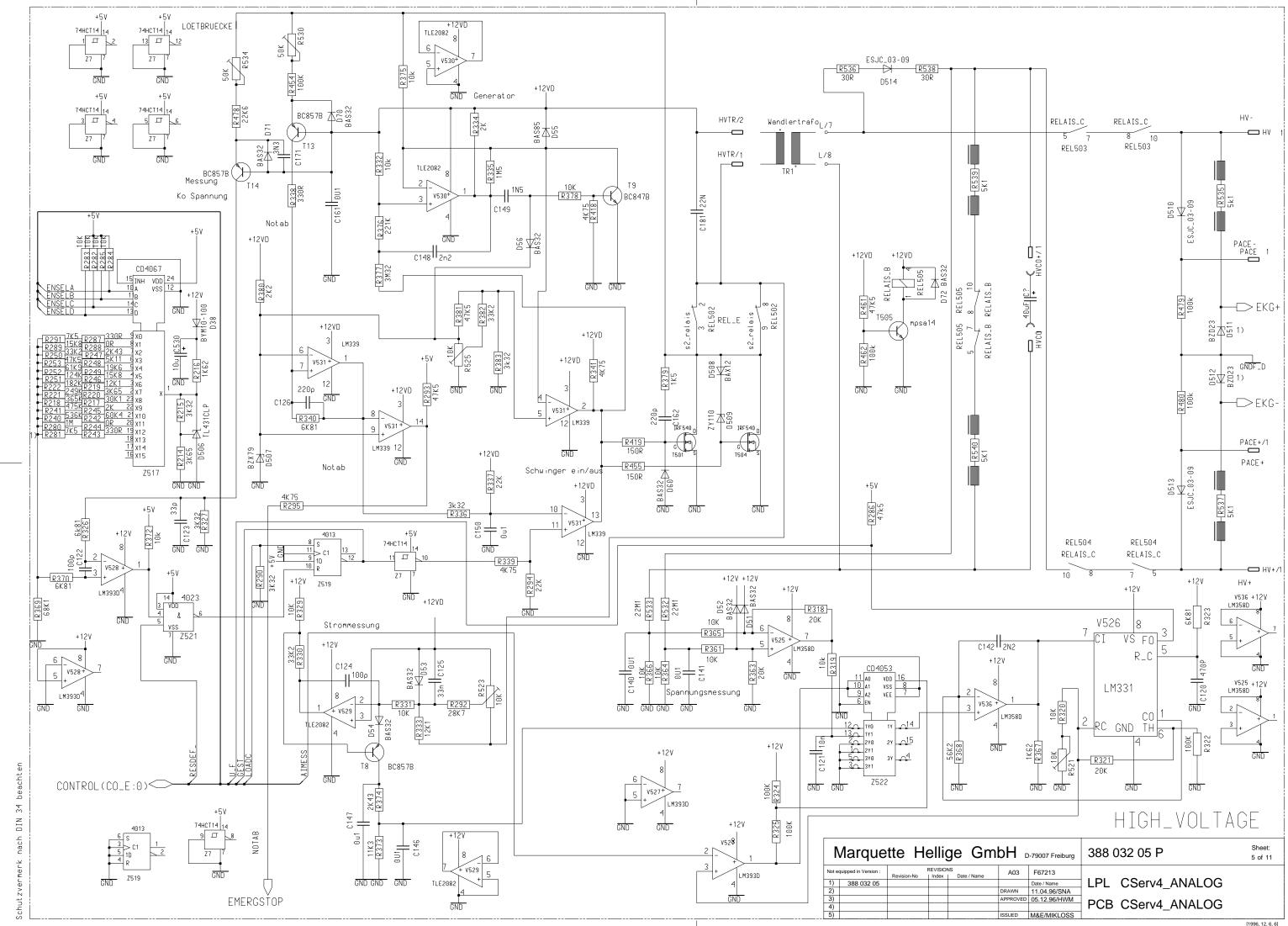






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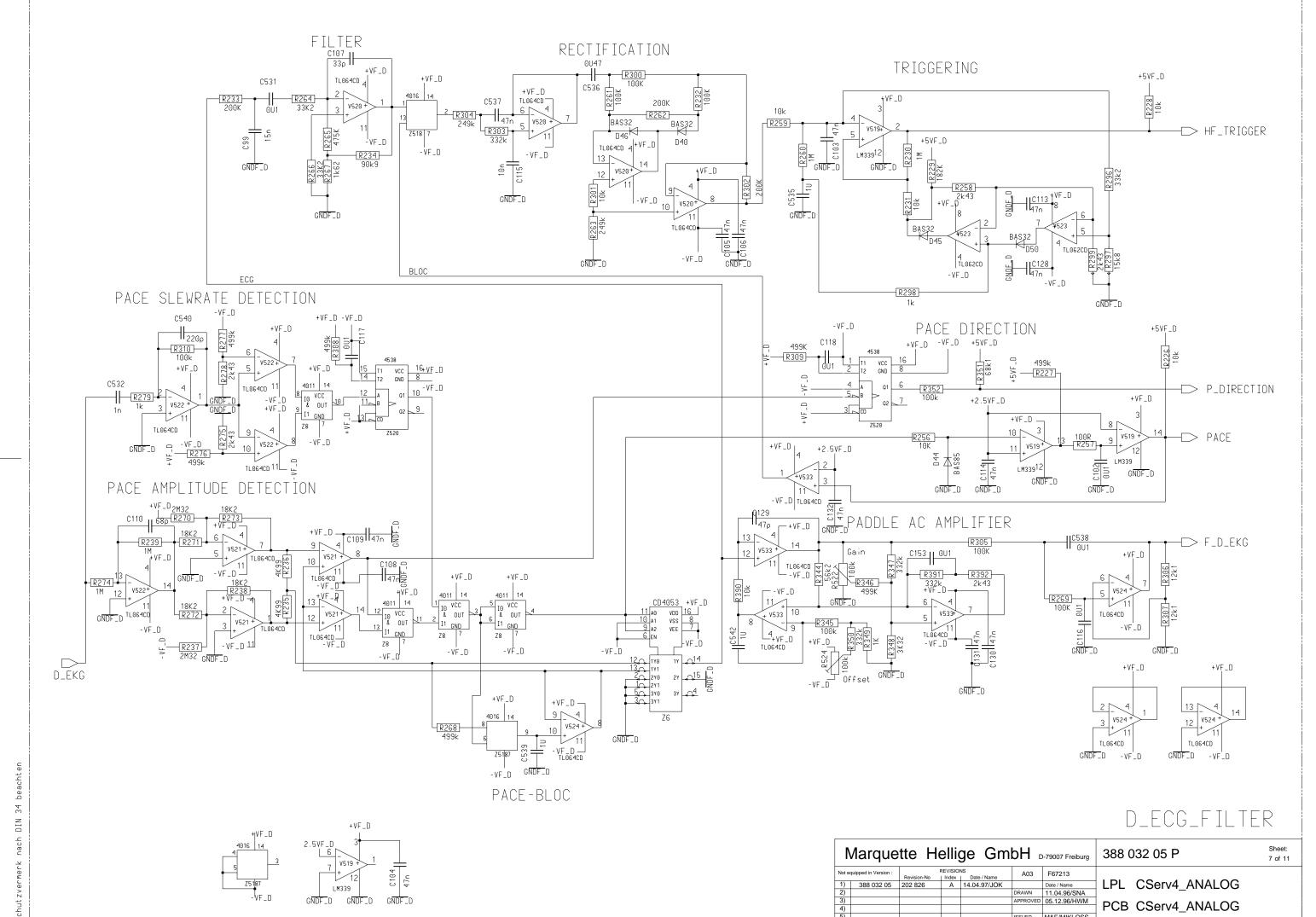


[1996, 12, 6, 6] sign/high\_voltage

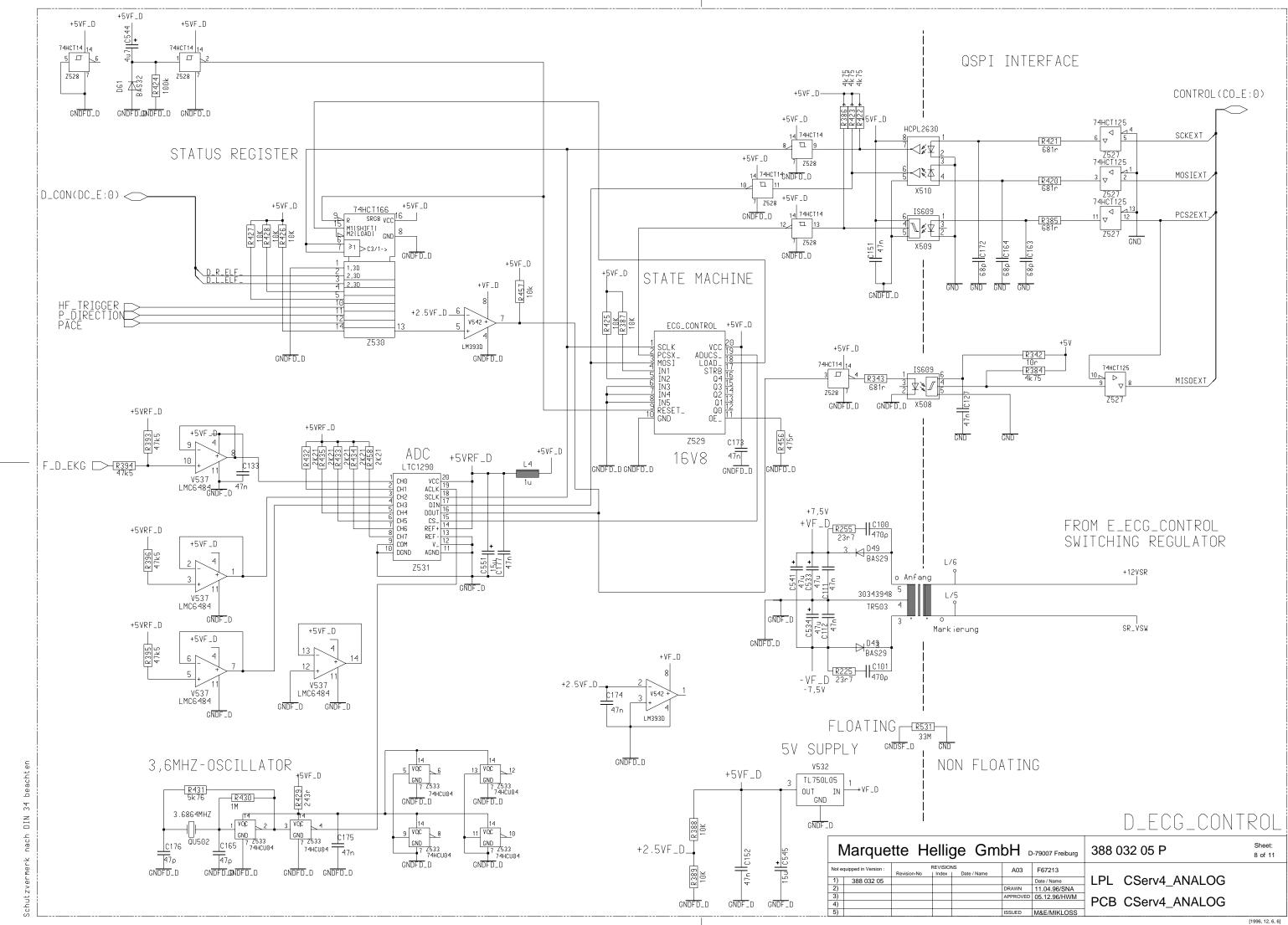
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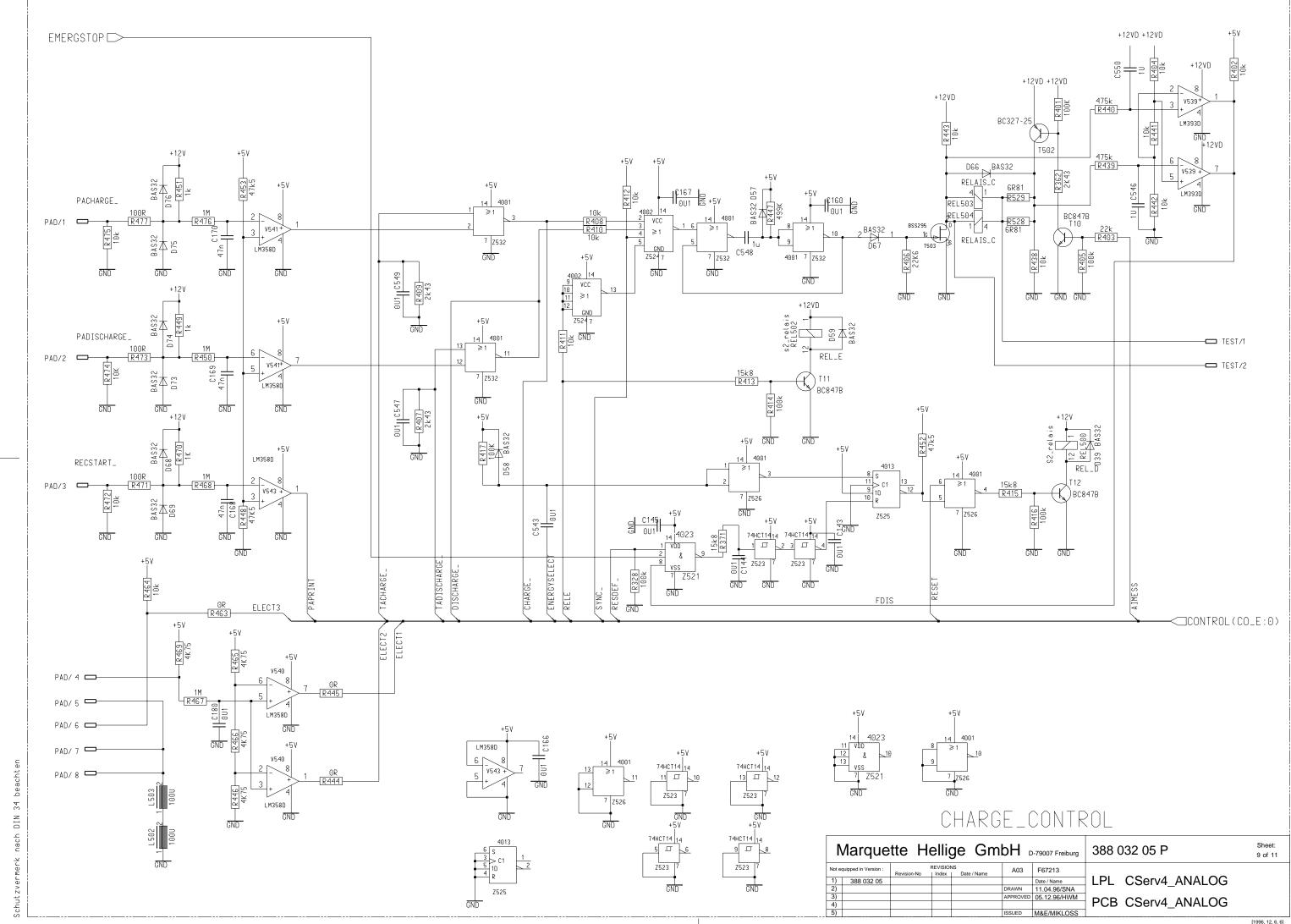
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Marquette Hellige GmbH D-79007 Freiburg							388 0	032 05 P	Sheet: 6 of 11
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1)	388 032 05					Date / Name	l LPL	CServ4_ANALOG	
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3)					APPROVED	05.12.96/HWM	DOD	CC - m / 4 A N A L O C	
4)							PCB	CServ4_ANALOG	
5)					ISSUED	M&E/MIKLOSS			

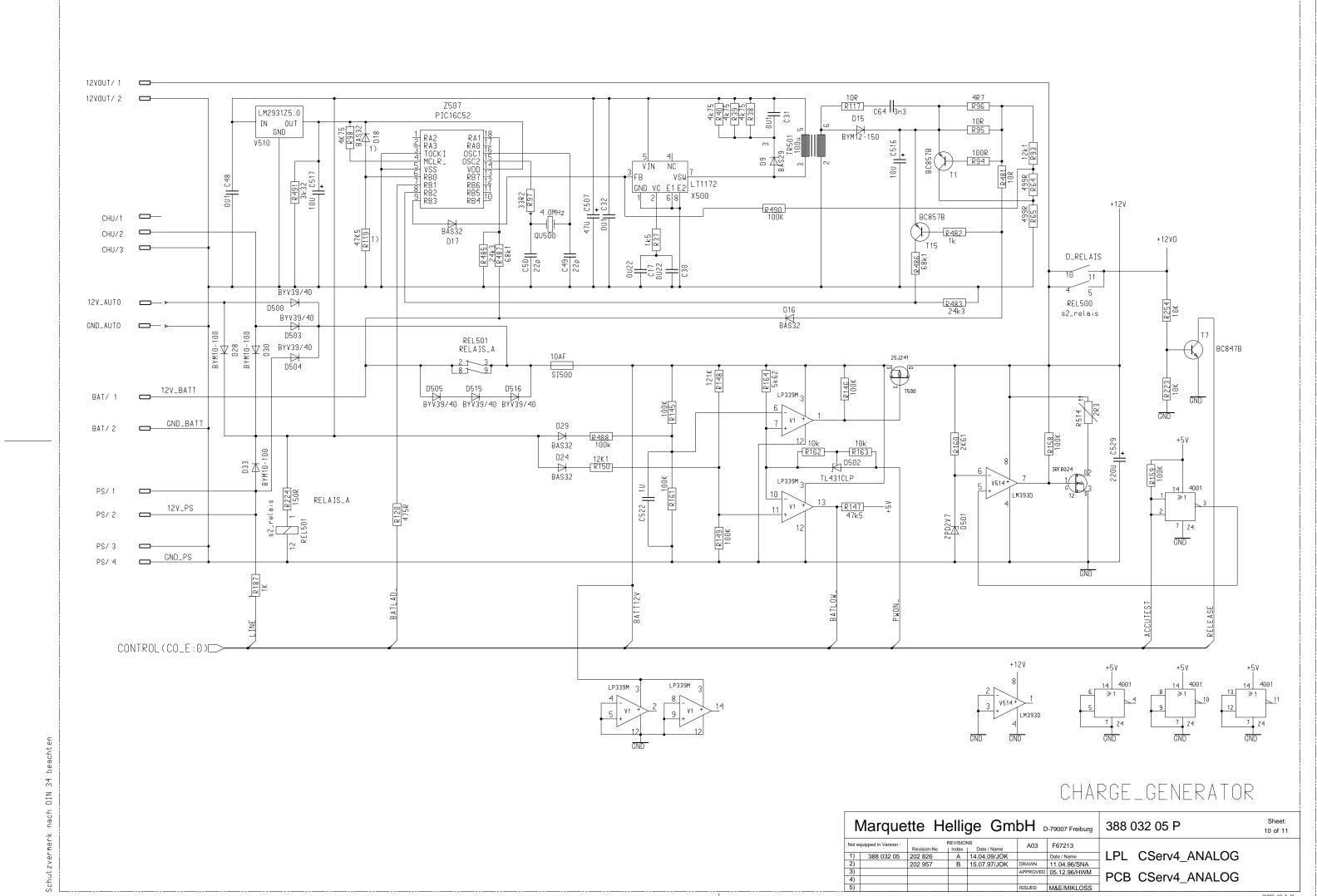


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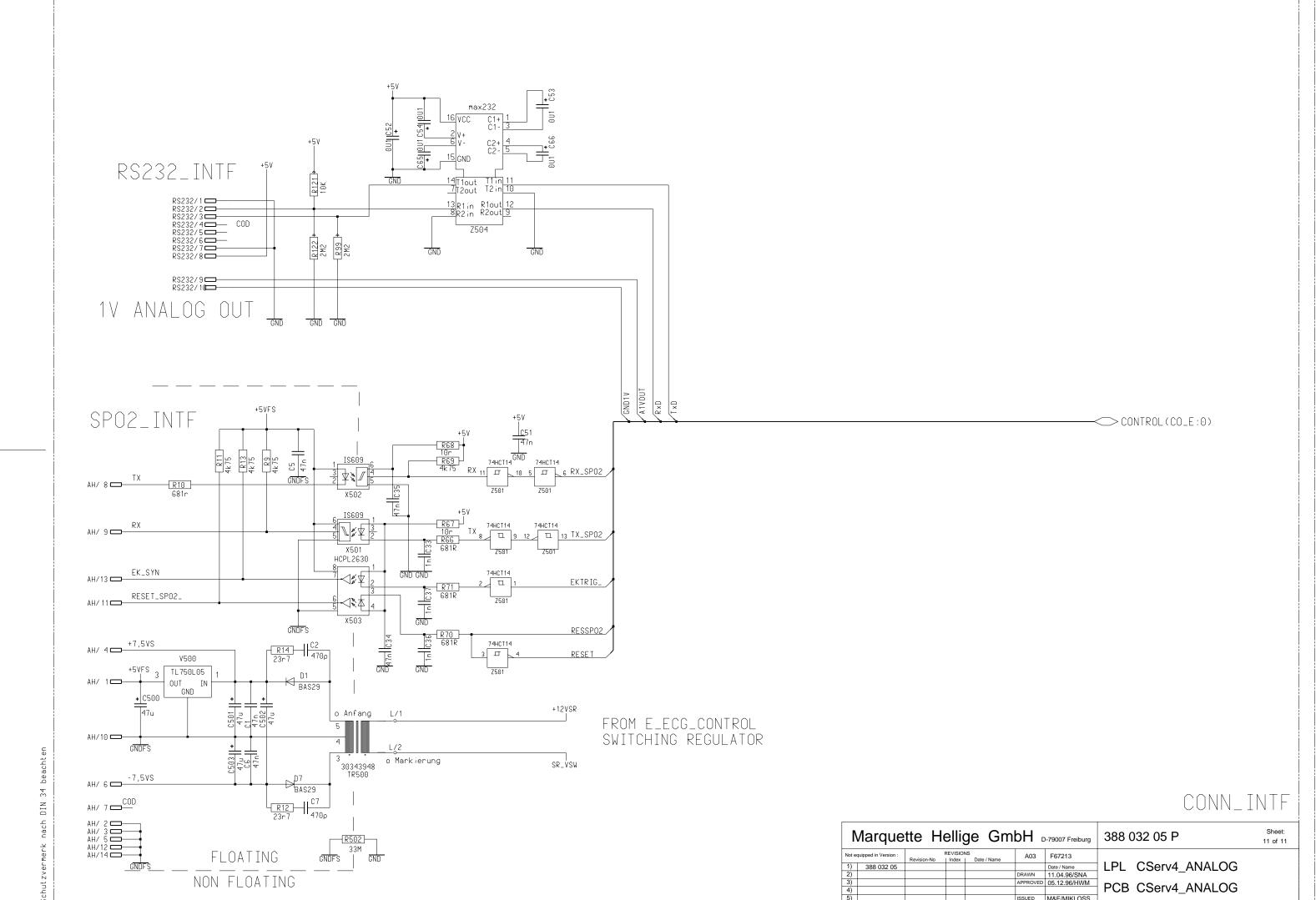




[1996, 12, 6, 6] gn/charge\_control

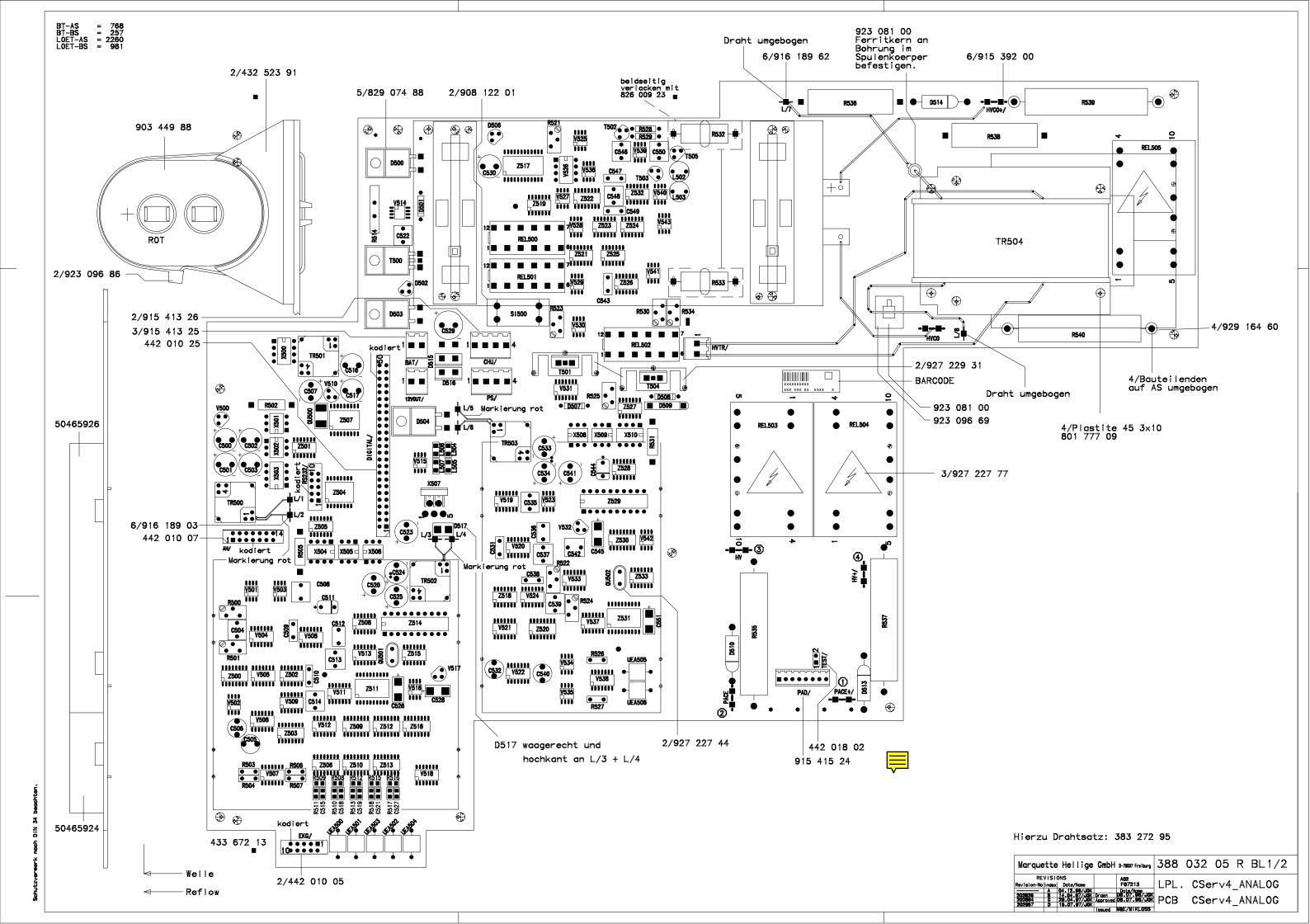


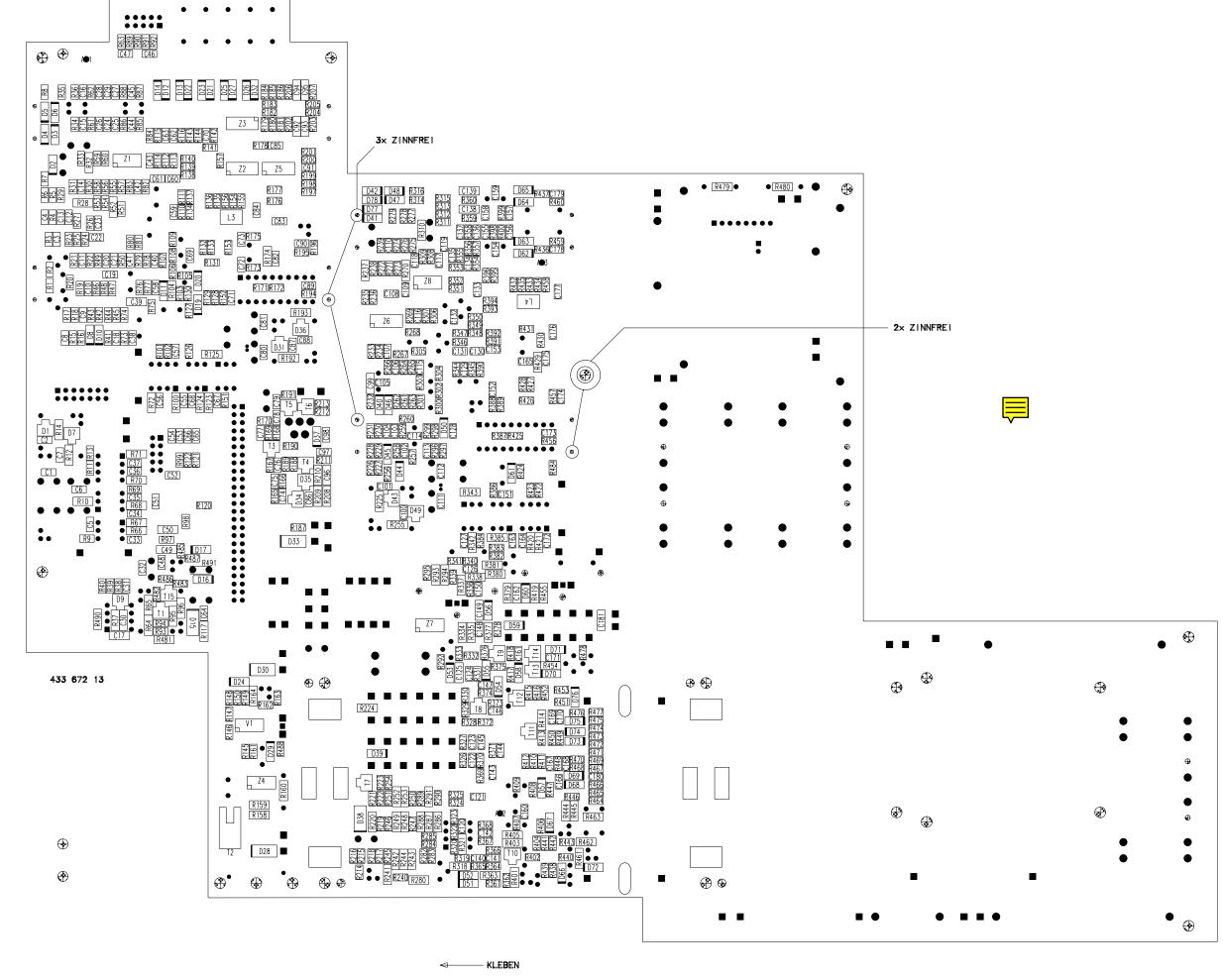
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Sheet 1: C19, C20, C21, R514, R523

Sheet 2: AK, DEBUG, R96, R102, R?, R?, R?, T?, Z504

R135, C34, C32, C518, C26, R54, D17

Sheet 3:

Sheet 4: OPTREX, OBACKL, C52, X501

Sheet 5: D10, R508, R509, R3, T1, R10

Sheet 6:

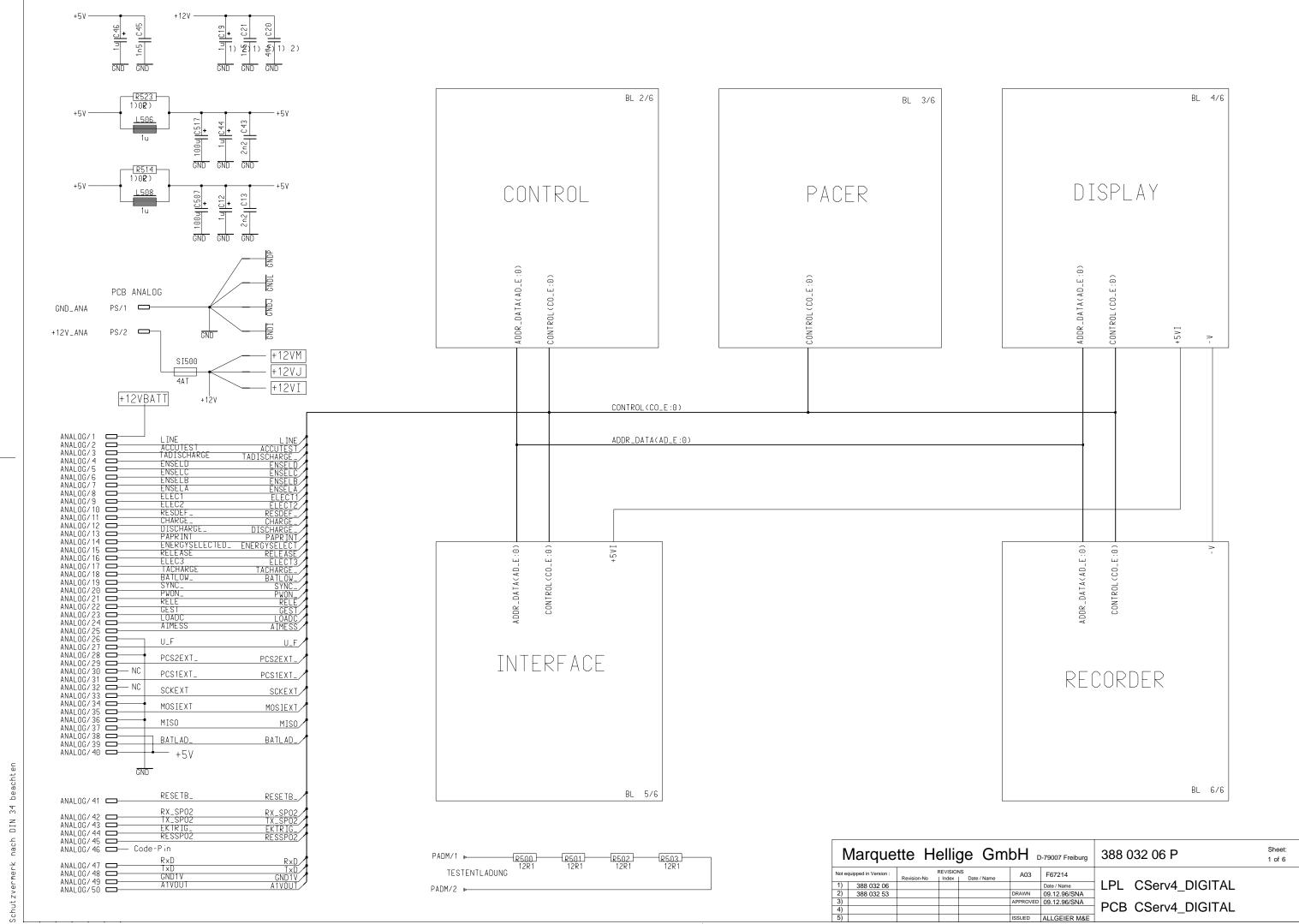
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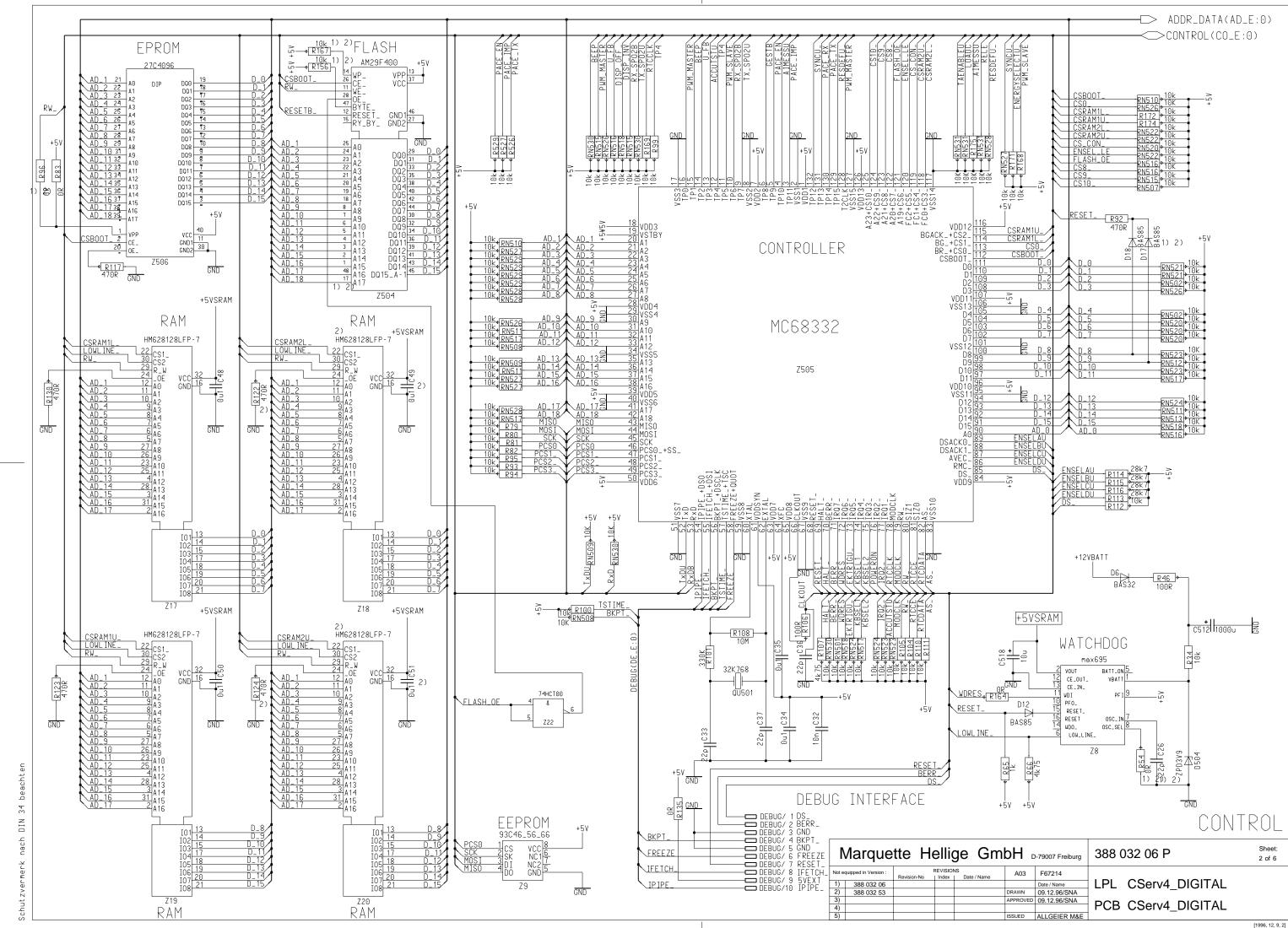
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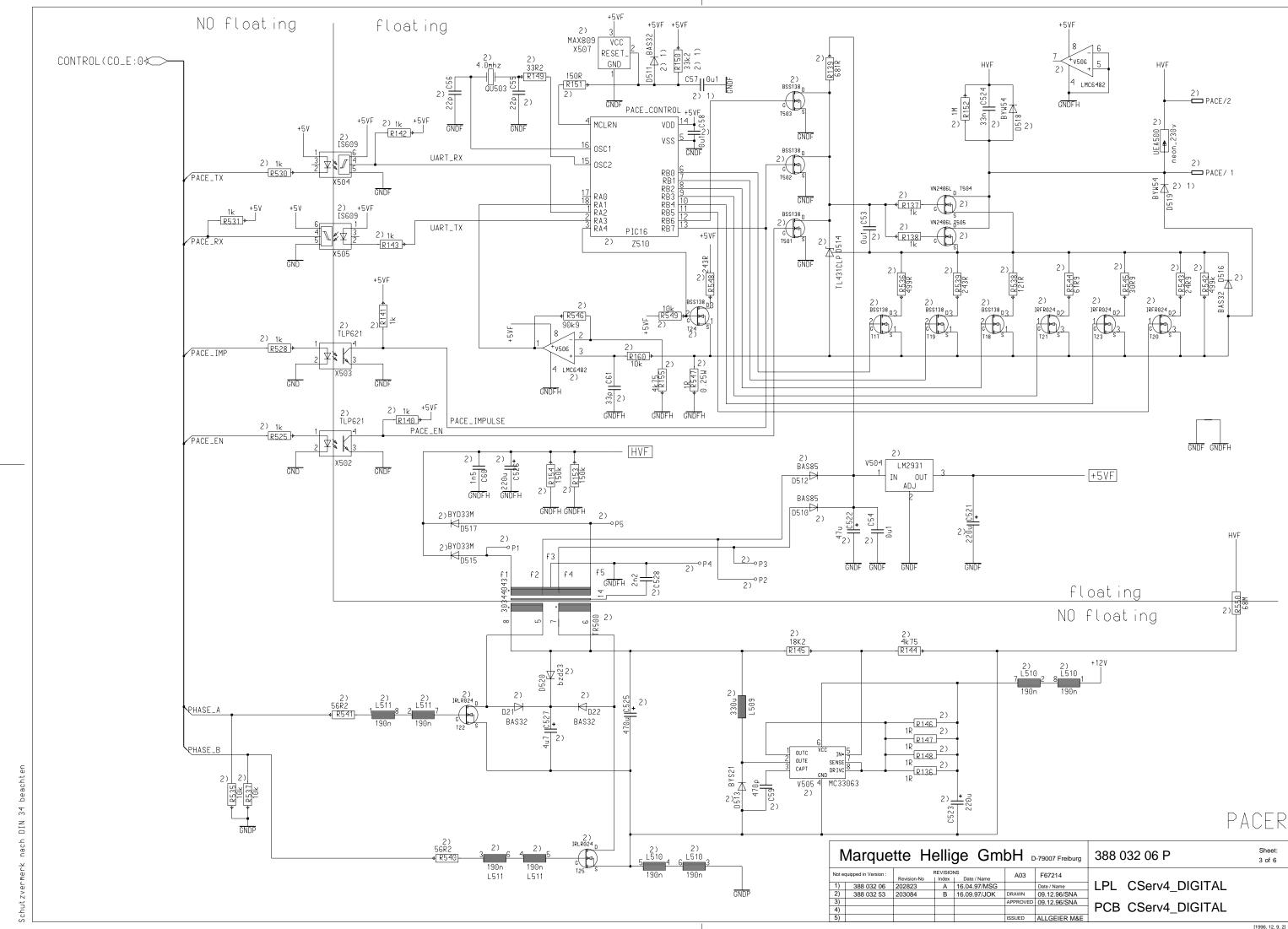
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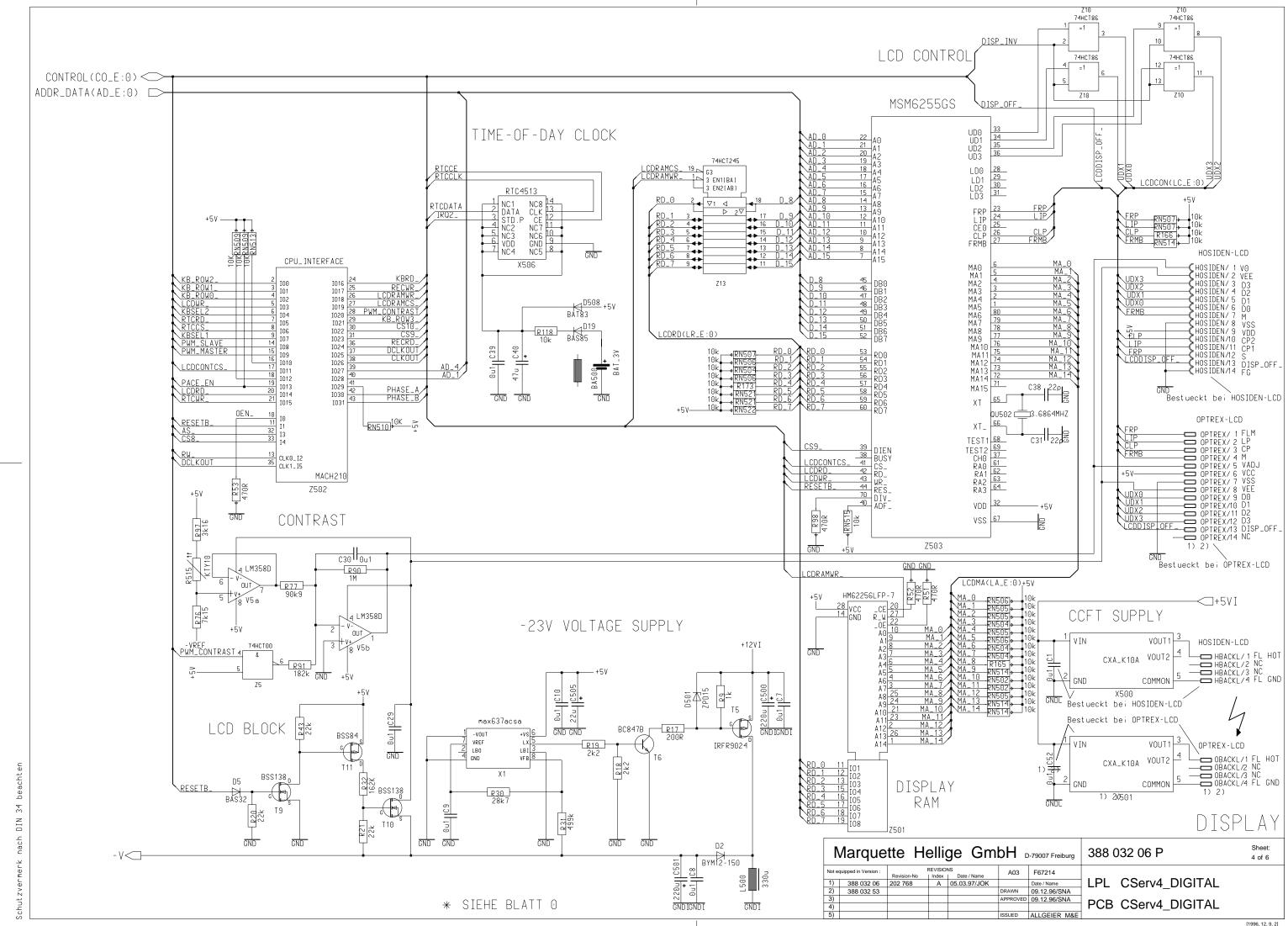
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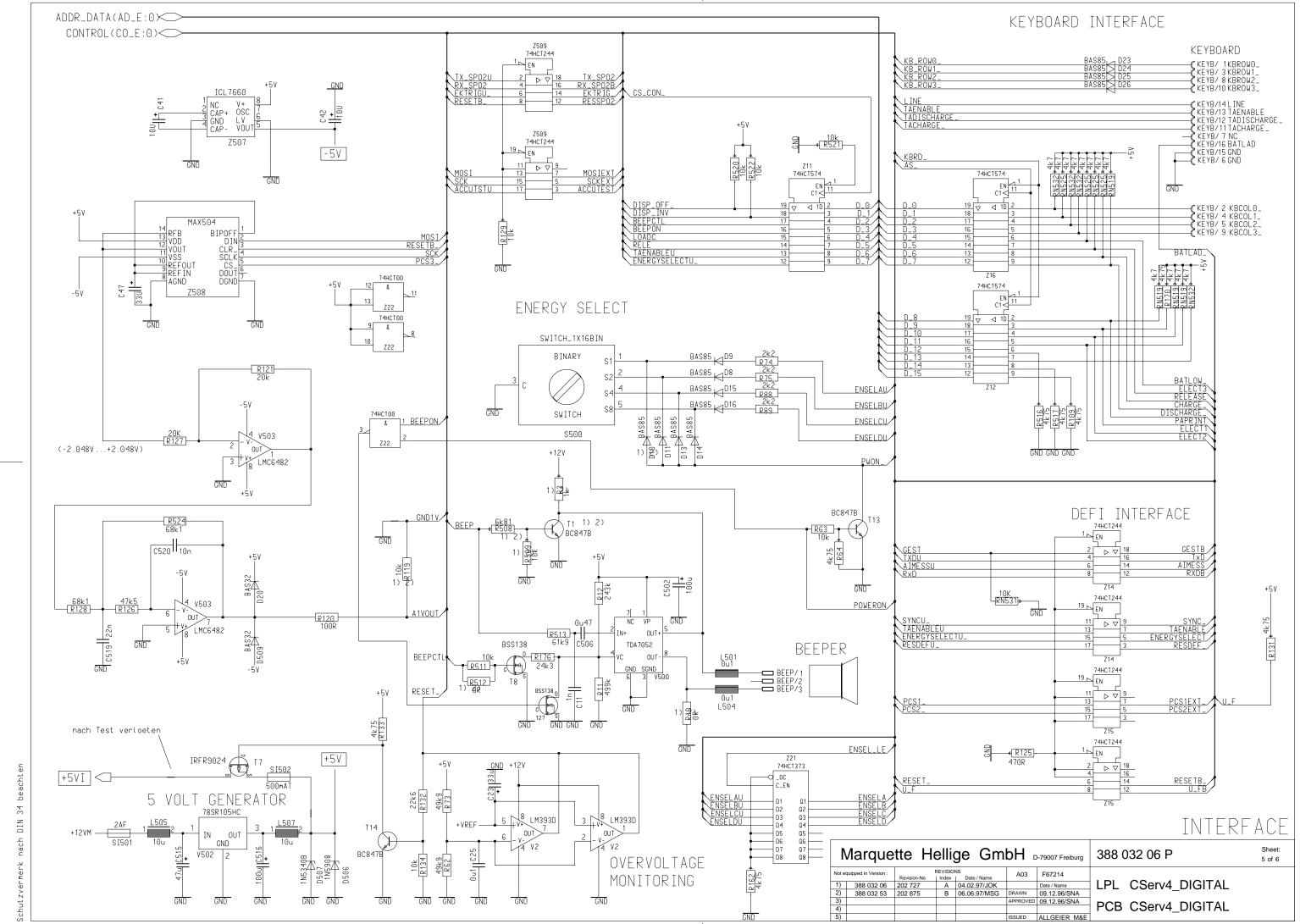


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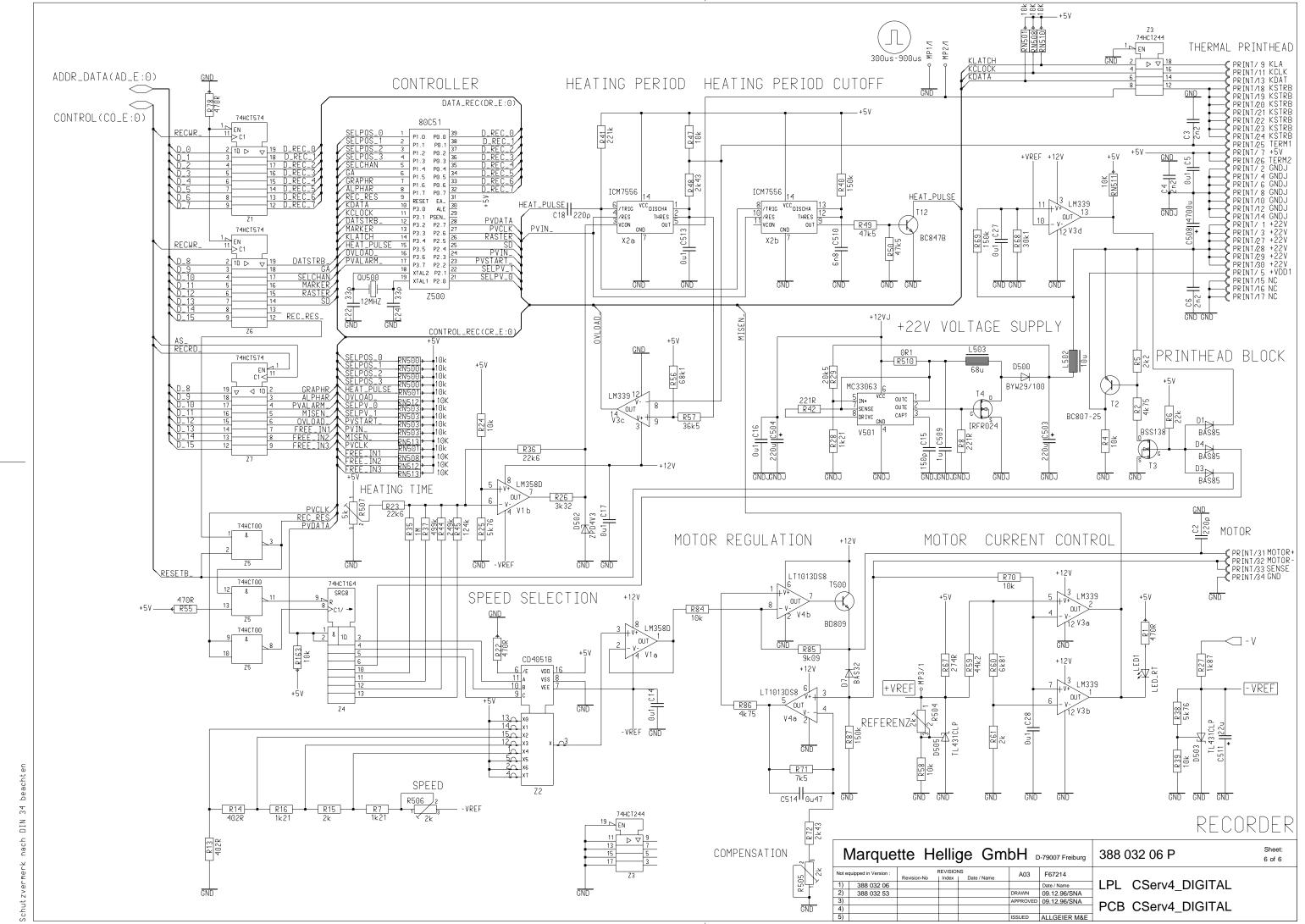




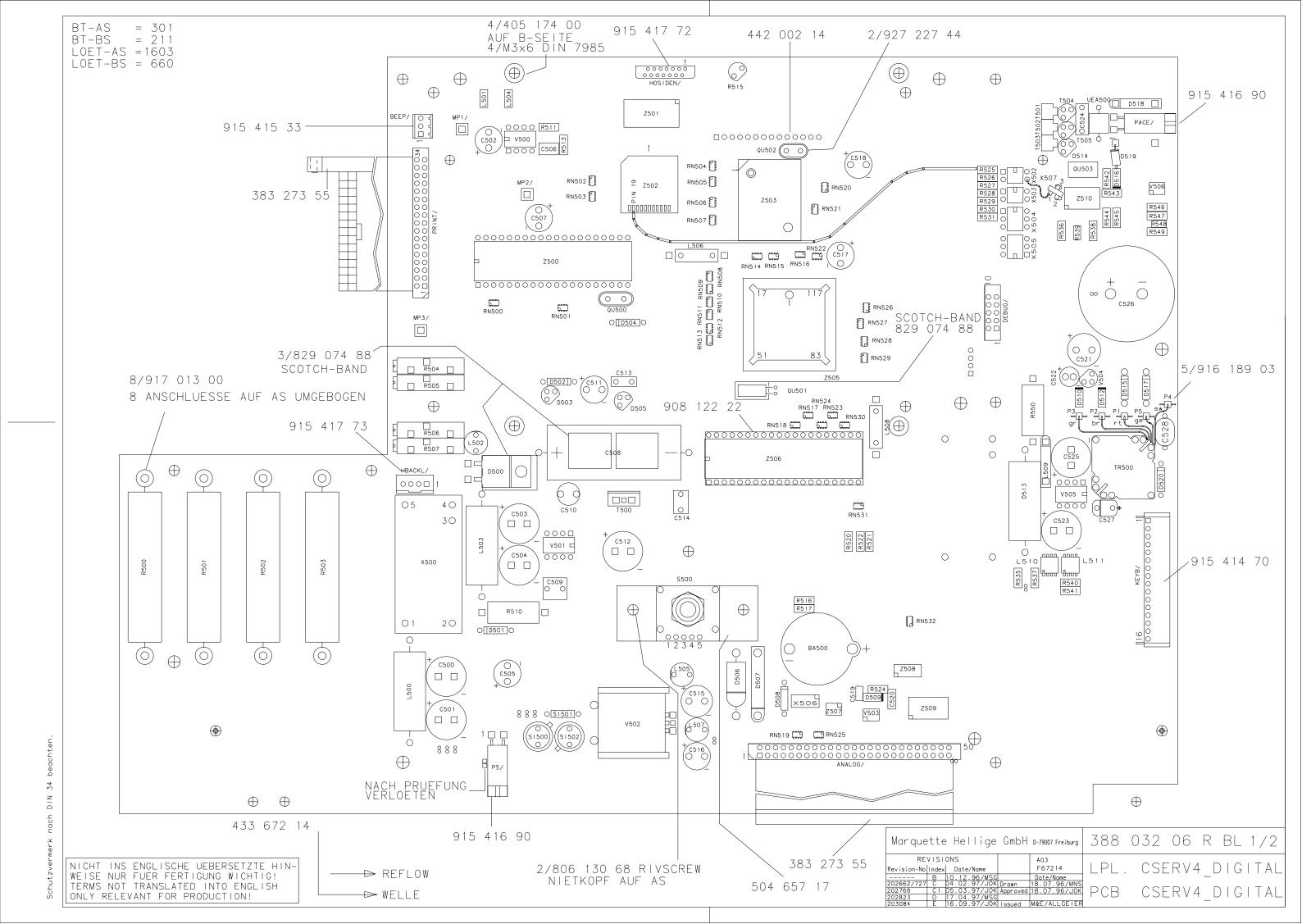


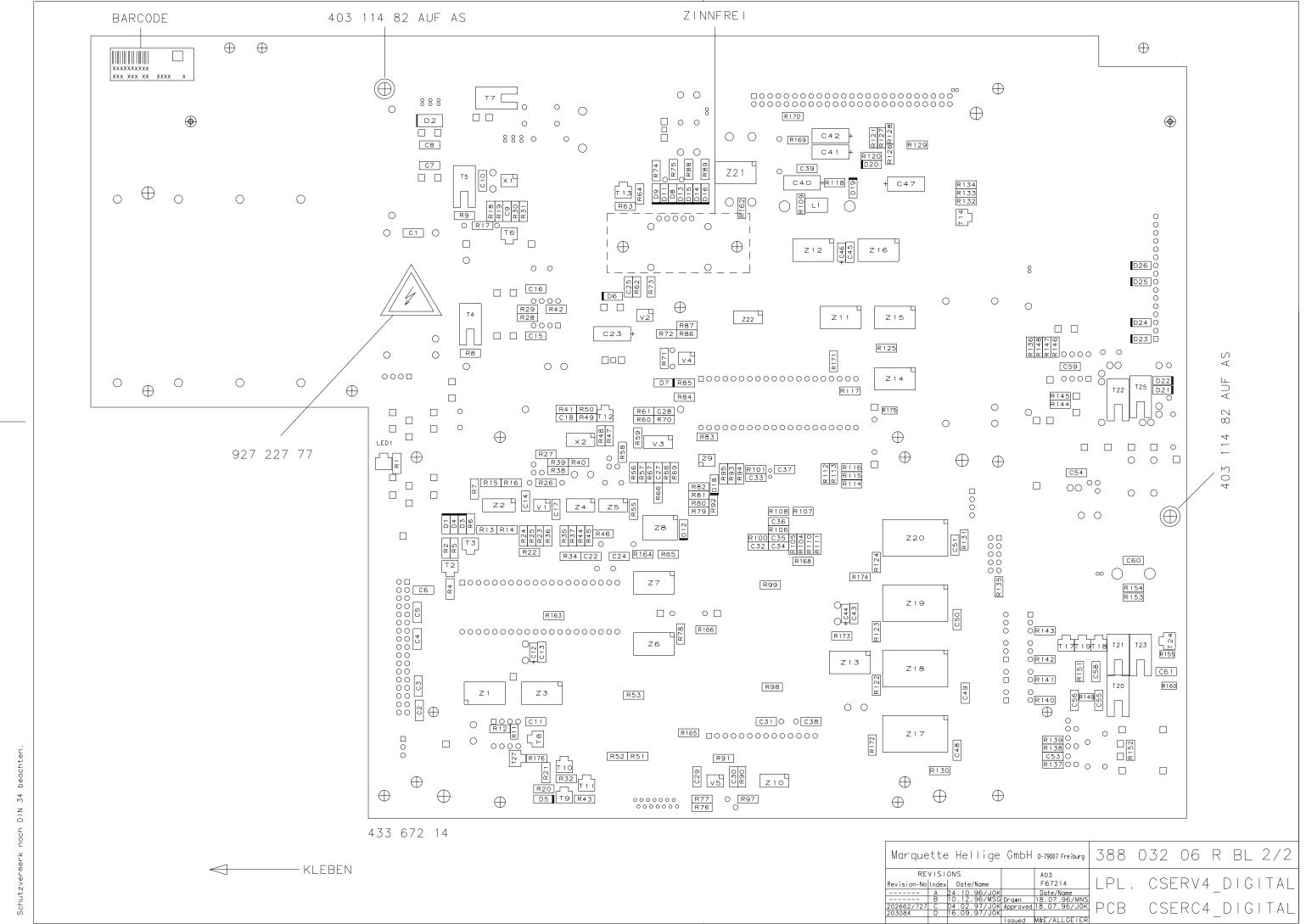


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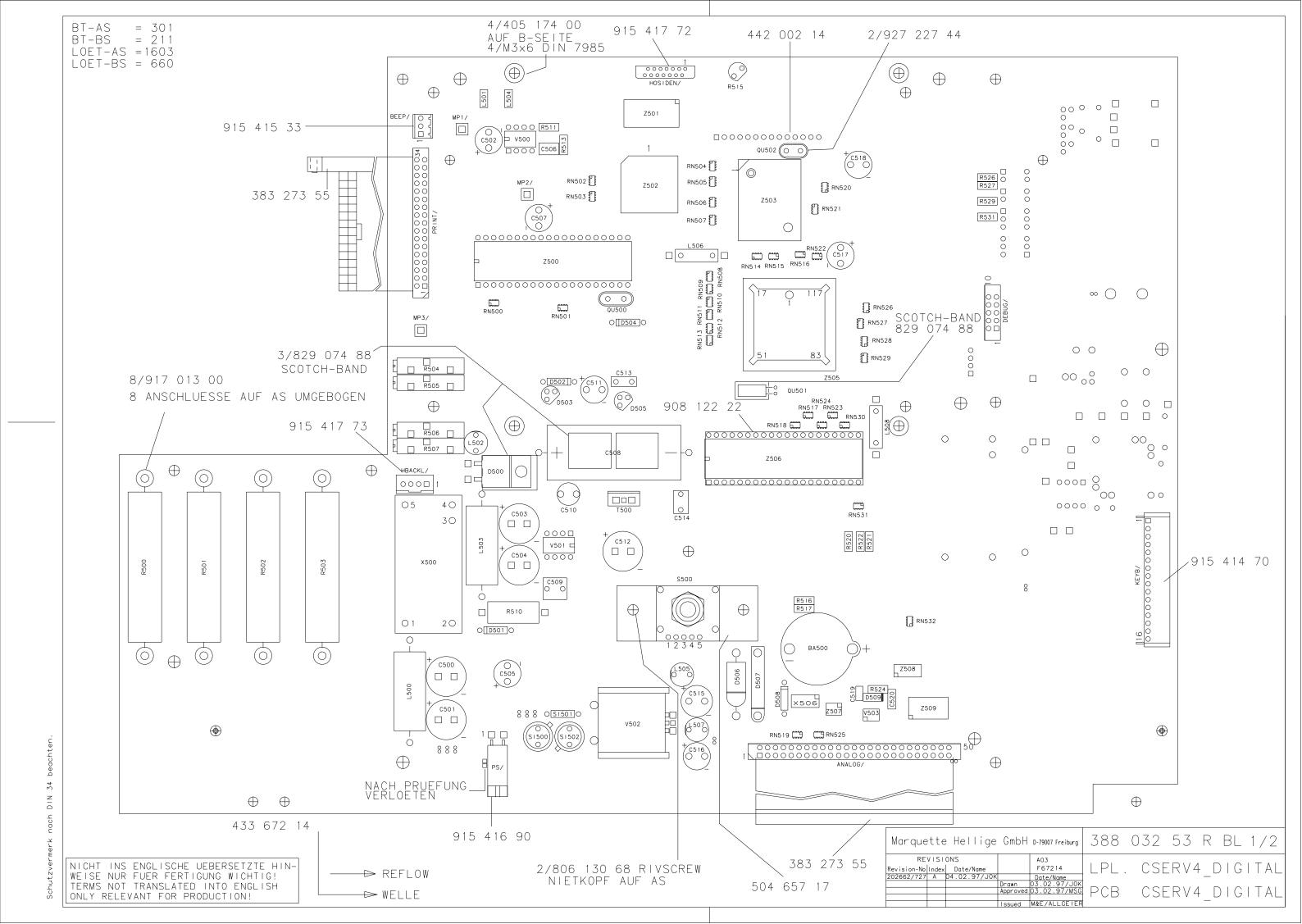


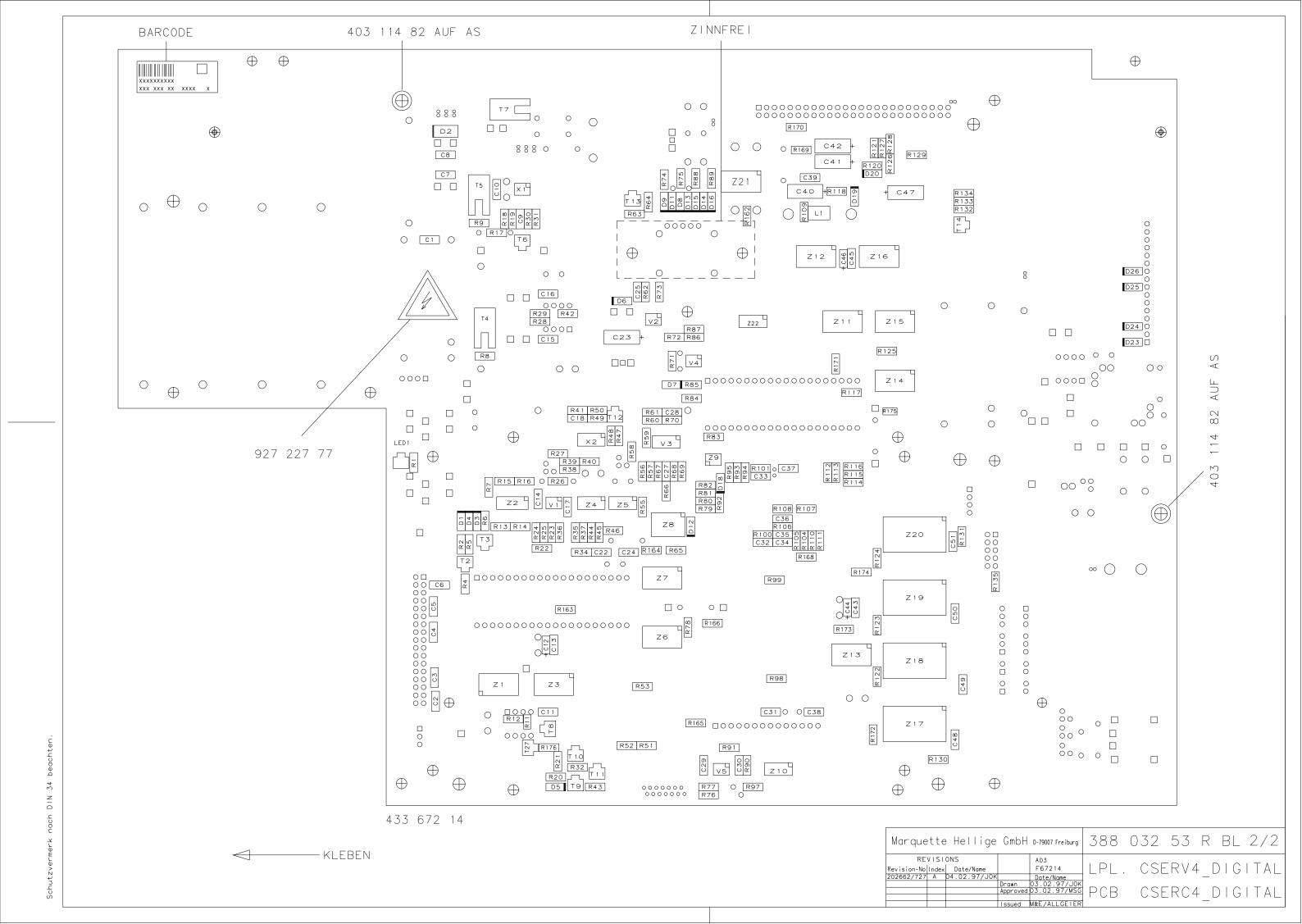
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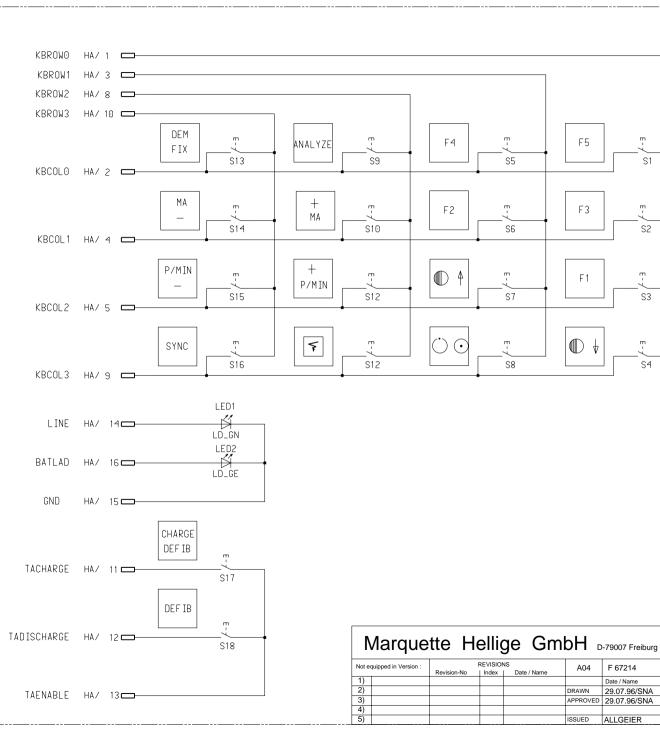




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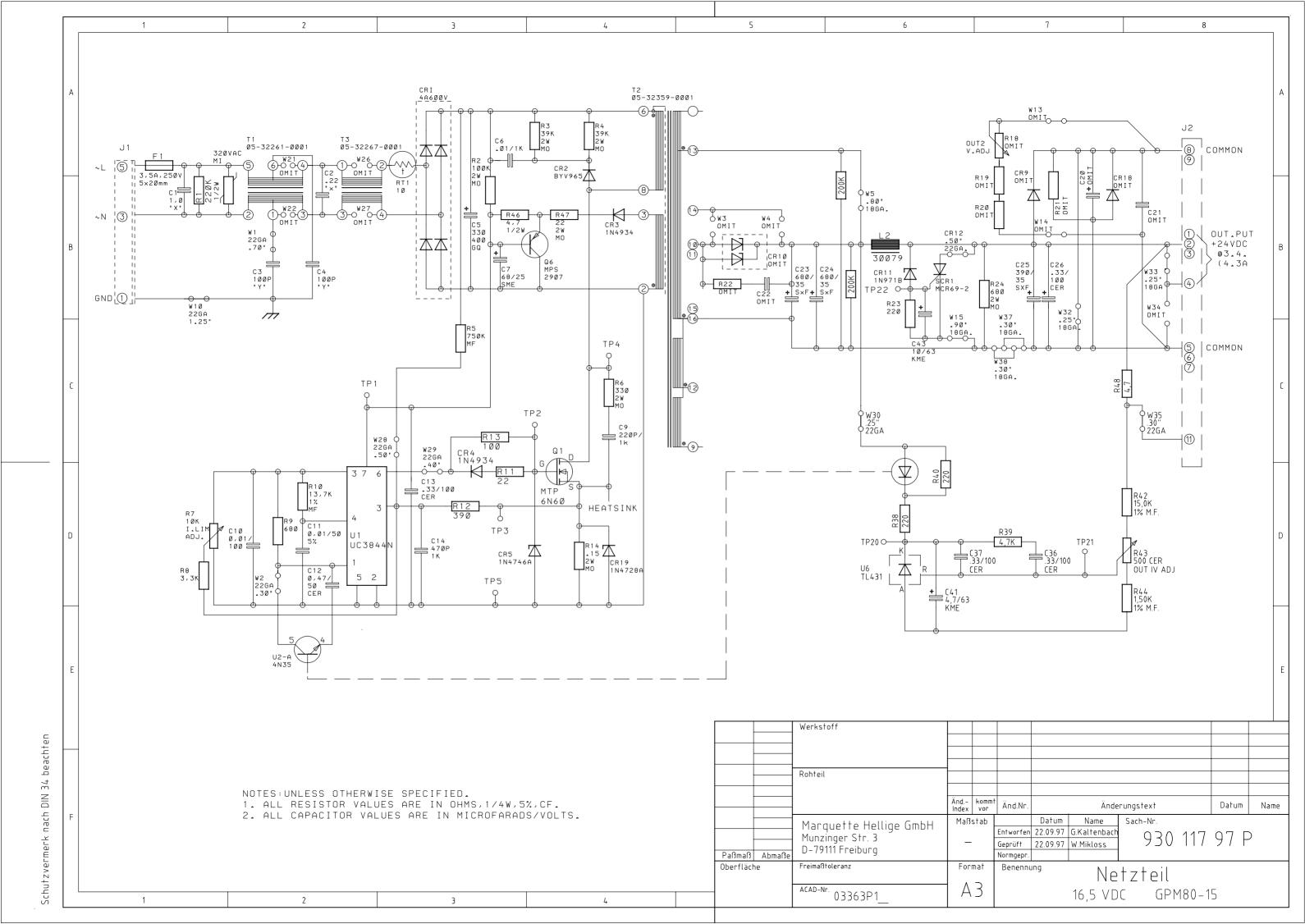
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The Marquette Hellige Unity Network® is our response to the critical challenge of managing patient information.

The Unity icon represents more than a network. It symbolizes our commitment to integrating information and devices throughout a healthcare system.